The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 2. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1890. NO. 1.

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Cassville, Pa., July 3, 1889.-tf.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE ITEM.

The Temperance Alphabet.

BY GEO. W. BUNGAY.

A is for Adder, that lies in the cup;
The drunkard don't see it, and so drinks it up.

B is for Bottle, marked "poison" thereon;
Touch not, taste not, nor handle, or you'll be undone.

C is for Conscience, which bids us beware
Of learning to drink, to lie, and to swear.

D is for Drunkard, just look at his nose;
How red are his eyes, and how dirty his clothes!

E is for Evening, when he goes out to drink
What he knows does him harm, if he only would think.

F is for Fountain, so merry and clear;
Who only drink water have nothing to fear.

G is for Gin, that makes people lazy,
Then cross to their wives, and finally—crazy.

H is for Heaven, which no drunkard can know,
While drink holds him in bondage to sin and to woe.

I is for Inn, like a rat-trap, no doubt;
When once you get in, it is hard to get out.

J is for Jail, where the drunkard is kept
Till the fumes of his liquor away he has slept.

K is for Knowledge, of which little remains
When he puts in his mouth what runs off with his brains.

L is for Liquor; whatever the name,
The taste, or the color, they all are the same.

M is for Monkey, who is wiser than men;
If you once get him drunk, you can't do it again.

N is for Noah, who planted the vine,
And—how sad is the warning!—got drunk on the wine.

O is the Orphan, of whom thousands are made,
Every month in the year, by the rum-seller's trade.

P is the Pledge, all good children should take.
If you can't sign your name, your mark you should make.

Q is for Quarrel; look sharp, and you'll find
In nearly all quarrels there's liquor behind.

R is for Rum, and for Rum-seller, too;
With one or the other have nothing to do.

S is for Snow, where the poor drunkard lies;
Overcome by the liquor, and freezes and dies.

T is for Tippler, who grows worse and worse,
Till he finds, to his sorrow, not a coin in his purse.

U is for Union; in union there's strength:
With the young and the old we shall conquer at length.

V is for Victim, who staggered around
Till he fell in the river, where, of course, he was drowned.

W is for Woe, which every one feels
Who partakes of strong liquor, and through the street reels.

X is for Xerxes; a great army had he;
But Alcohol's army is larger, you see.

Y is for Youth; daring youth, oh, beware,
Lest the love of strong drink should thee also ensnare!

Z is for Zealous, which I hope we will be,
From strong drink's dominion our country to free.

Trailing Arbutus.

Written for the ITEM.

They had been to church in the morning, and now in the daintiest of tea-gowns the ladies were having afternoon tea and discussing the beautiful Easter service, the flowers and music. Alice Holmes and her cousin Nora were visiting their friend and schoolmate, Mrs. Alden. Now this happy, gracious matron had a brother, of whom she was both fond and proud, and one of her pet plans was to have him fall in love with and marry her dear friend Alice. This brother, Neil Darah by name, was a tall, handsome man, with fair hair and blue eyes and a merry, careless manner that disguised the real depth and earnestness of his nature. Although he had spent several years in Florida and in the west, from the first day that he came into his sister's drawing room and saw Alice Holmes' beautiful dusky head leaning back in a great crimson chair, he had felt irresistibly drawn to her, but had tried in his happy, jolly way to entertain his sister's guests rather than to display his own good qualities. There had been walks to the river and excursions to a neighboring village, in which some of the young folks living near had joined, but by chance Neil and Alice Holmes were always companions, and he began to see how dull life would be to him without her by his side. And how was it with Alice? Now to tell the truth she had been a little spoiled, she had received so much admiration and been compelled to listen to it so often that she began to think that all young men were very much alike; they all said the same things and were like their dress suits and derby hats, tiresomely alike; all they thought of was making money, going to the theatre, or billiards, and all the deeper they got in politics was to bet on the election. She was a great reader and foolishly thought that the men of old, when they were knighted for some physical bravery, were far in advance of the men of this age.

On the afternoon in which our story opens she was saying some thing of this when Neil Darah and two other gentle men entered the room. She was looking lovely, dressed in a soft, creamy, India silk gown, with priceless lace at her snowy neck and white wrists, her dark hair coiled low and a silver arrow stuck through. Neil paused by her chair and dropped a tiny branch of trailing arbutus in her lap. She gave him an adorable smile, as she daintily sniffed their fragrance. "We were just talking of "ideals," said Nora, "and you should hear what an impossible person Alice's man is. He must be brave and intellectual; desperately in earnest; he should reform the evils of the world, instead of accepting whatever good the gods provide, as you do." "What must one do to be a hero?" said Neil with his usual assumption of carelessness, but with a hurt look in his eyes. "Oh, deeds of daring and weight, such as Launcelot and his brother excelled in," answered Nora, as Alice did not reply. "I used to dream of achieving some glory and honor, such as were bestowed on Launcelot and Galabod," said Neil, "but their bravery seemed to consist chiefly in riding madly around, spear in hand, to rescue some helpless maiden with flowing hair and tearful eye, but there seems to be a scarcity of such maidens now-a-days. I'm sure I'd be delighted to be a hero if some one would give me a few suggestions." At this the rest laughed merrily, with the exception of Alice, who chose to consider this but proof of her opinion that he was light and trifling, and very far removed from her ideal of a noble, ambitious man. "Well, Neil, you always did try to make yourself appear less than you are," said his sister; "I'm sure you jumped into the water and saved the life of your chum at College, and you know when that mad dog came running right up on the porch, how——" "There, that is enough of my bravery," Neil interrupted. "Of course you want to make people think your ugly duck is a swan, sometimes I think though the duck has the best time of it if it doesn't sing such a sweet song when leaving these shores. Don't you think so, Miss Alice?" "I really never paid much attention to the ducks," said that young lady severely, for it vexed her to realize how glad she could have been to have found in the man—who touched her soul—her ideal.

All the evening she was silent and *distrait*, and when Neil was enlivening the guests with merry descriptions of scenes and persons noticed in his travels, she chose to think his conversation trifling and silly, rather than see that the genial, gay good humor was on the exterior. So all through her visit she fought against the fascination he was gaining over her.

The evening before she was to leave some one proposed going to an adjoining wood for trailing arbutus. As usual, they were side by side. She talked but little and despised herself for the heavy pain at heart when she thought of leaving this man, who she claimed was shallow and trifling.

They come to a great mossy log, where he asked her to sit down. She complied coldly. He knelt at her feet, and sweeping away the dry dead leaves, uncovered a patch of arbutus, some white, some pink, in dainty sprays and sprigs.

"Who would suspect from the *leaf* what beauty is in the flower? t is like some people, plain and unprepossessing in appearance, yet of sweet disposition, humble and faithful of heart, like myself for instance," he said with rather a piteous smile, as he filled her hands with the sweet emblems of Spring. "Do you know the language of arbutus is welcome? If I come to see you in your home shall you be glad? will you welcome me?" and then he poured forth in confused eloquence his love, as he asked, "Can you not give me one word of hope?"

She was moved to answer him as he would fain be answered, but she hardened her heart and reminded herself of her theories and principles about heroes. What would become of them if she let this common, easy-going man see how near she was to loving him?

"Forgive me," she said, if I hurt you, "but the question of earnestness, purpose and heroism are what I must admire; it is not my fault; if I have not found them in you it is better that I tell you the truth."

He bowed his head. "It would be useless to defend myself. I won't trouble you again, except to say good bye."

As he held her hand for a moment, his eye took in every detail of her lovely person, and the sweet, subtle almond fragrance of the flowers she held stole over him. "Farewell, I shall think of you as I see you here." He dropped her hand and was gone.

Not until she had gone home and had resumed the usual routine of her daily life did Alice Holmes realize that the dull pain at her heart and her want of interest in everything was caused by the absence of the happy, kindly voice and cheerful presence of Neil Darah. Though she watched and hoped he never came. He has taken me at my word, she thought bitterly, and then one dreadful day came Mrs. Alden with white face and tremulous lips:

"Have you heard what Neil has done," was her first greeting.

"No," said Alice, "I have not."

"He has gone to Florida. Our oldest sister lives there and you know the yellow fever is raging everywhere. She wrote that one of the children had died with it, and her husband and another child were taking it. She was in despair; they were quarantined of course, and could not even get a nurse for any sum. Neil said at once he should go, as he is used to the climate. He intends not only to nurse them but others. I could not urge him to stay, but it nearly broke my heart to see him go, for I feel that I shall never see him again."

"Never see him again;" how those words rang in Alice's ears; she could not speak.

"Are you not surprised? Poor Neil, who was always making everybody laugh; I know he had a far deeper nature than he cared to have it seem," said his sister, "and this proves it, does it not?"

"Yes, yes indeed," assented Alice, who was struggling to keep up her usual calm manner. She went up to her room blindly, numbly, and when alone, reached out her arms, "Oh, my love, my love!" It was a prayer, a benediction, a farewell in one. All her soul seemed to go out in it, and so she had found her hero and lost him. He was gone; too late now to confess her love. He would never know she had loved him had not his sister said "they would never see him again."

Gay, happy laughter, loving Neil was gone, gone to brave death in its most hideous form. All through the summer she watched the papers anxiously, hungrily for news from the fever stricken south.

She saw Mrs. Alden, who told her of some of the scenes he had passed through, which made her eyes dim as she thought of this hero fighting the grim fever, but he seemed proof against it. One day in the Fall she heard he had been smitten by the enemy at last. She kept her despair hidden, for as she told herself, she had no right to mourn for him, even if he should die.

She dressed as carefully and tastefully as ever, and was spoken of as being more beautiful than ever. Goethe says, "Sorrow is the refining touch to a woman's beauty," and there was a soft, sad look in the dark eyes that added to their beauty. At last during the winter she heard that he had been brought north. That was all; he did not seek her, and she gave no sign of the anguish she felt, and when the glad Spring time came she thought bitterly of the year before. Easter come later this year and the arbutus was smiling on the hill sides. So she put on her hat and gloves and started to the woods near by to gather some. Kneeling down and brushing aside the dead leaves, she found clustering close to the earth, the arbutus, pink and sweet and lovely. As she gathered it she held it to her lips and kissed it and breathed it. Hearing a step she looked up and met the gaze of Neil Darah; he had his hands full of the dainty, dewy blossoms, too, but when Alice, still kneeling, held out her hands in a sweet, imploring gesture he dropped the flowers, sprang to her side and lifted her up. As he felt her soft hands clinging to his he knew he was loved by this, the one woman in all the world, to him.

"And am I dear and welcome to you?" he said huskily, when he could speak.

"Oh, *how* welcome," she replied; you have shown me that heroes are not extinct in these days, and—and if you still loved me, my answer would be so different.

And so the glad Easter sun smiled on two happy lovers as they went home laden with the blossoms that had grown so dear to them.

The last we heard of Mrs. Darah she was indignantly cambating the idea that the age of chivalry, romance and bravery had gone by.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

THE "GOODEST" MOTHER.

Evening was falling cold and dark,
And the people hurried along the way,
As if they were longing soon to mark
Their own home candle's cheering ray.

Before me toiled in the whirling wind,
A woman with bundles great and small,
And after her tugged, a step behind,
The bundle she loved the best of all.

A dear little roly-poly boy,
With rosy cheeks and a jacket blue,
Laughing and chattering, full of joy,
And here's what he said—I tell you true:—

"You're the goodest mother that ever was,"
A voice as clear as the forest bird's;
And I'm sure the glad young heart had cause
To utter the sweet of the lovely words.

Perhaps the woman had worked all day,
Washing or scrubbing; perhaps she sewed;
I know by her weary footfall's way
That life for her was an uphill road.

But here was comfort, children dear!
Think what a comfort you might give
To the very best friend you can have here—
The mother, dear, in whose house you live,

If once in a while you'd stop and say,
In task or play, for moment's pause,
And tell her in sweet and winning way,
"You're the goodest mother that ever was"

SAVED BY A RAT.

There is an old poem which tells a pretty and true story about a rat, and shows that kindness can work wonders even with creatures which we are accustomed to look down upon. There was once a gentleman who was noted for his kindness to everyone. It did not matter to him whether a person were rich or poor, old or young, beautiful or ugly, he did his best to make everyone he came across happier. But beside being kind to human creatures, he also loved all animals.

Perhaps this kind-hearted man was disappointed by some one to whom he had been good; at all events, he was rather sad one evening. Thinking much about the ingratitude which animals as well as men sometimes show, he fell fast asleep.

He was woke suddenly by the tame rat. It was nibbling gently at his cheeks and nose, determined to wake him, yet not wishing to hurt him.

Starting up, he found that he had upset the lamp with his arm as he slept, and but for the kind rat he must have lost much of his property, if not his life.—*New York Journal.*

A LESSON FOR LOUIE.

Uncle Jack came in one cold morning looking for all the world like a bear, Louie thought, in his big, shaggy overcoat. He caught Louie up and gave her a real bear hug, too.

"Hello, Mopsey! where's Popsey?" he asked.

Popsey was Louie's baby-sister, two years old, and her name wasn't Popsey any more than Louie's was Mopsey. But Uncle Jack was all the time calling folks funny names, Louie thought.

"Her's gone to sleep," said she.

Then Uncle Jack put his hand in his pocket and made a great rustling with paper for a minute, before he pulled out two sticks of red-and-white candy and gave them to Louie.

"Too bad Popsey's asleep," said he.

But I'm afraid Louie was rather glad of it. She took her little rocking-chair and sat down by the window to eat her candy.

"Aren't you going to save one stick for Gracie?" asked mamma. Popsey's real name was Gracie.

"I guess I won't," Louie said, speaking low. "I don't b'lieve candy's good for little mites o' bits o' girls. 'Sides I want it myself."

Just as she swallowed the last bit there was a little call from the bedroom: "Mamma!"

"Hello," said Uncle Jack, "Popsey's awake!" And in a minute out she came in mamma's arms, rosy and smiling and dimpled.

Then there was another great rustling in Uncle Jack's pocket, and pretty soon—

"Here's for Popsey!" said Uncle Jack.

She took the two sticks of candy in her dimpled hands and looked at them a second—dear little Popsey! and then she held out the one that was a little longer than the other to Louie.

"Dis for 'ou," she cooed; "and dis for me."

"Take it, Louie," said mamma.

And Louie took it. But a little while afterward mamma overheard her telling Popsey:

"I won't be never such a pig any more, Popsey Baker. And I'm always going to 'vide with you, all the time, after this, long's I live."

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

Dr. Hanau of Zurich has successfully propagated cancer in rats by inoculation.

The ice-breaking steamer Martaja, built in Sweden for the Finnish government, is capable of fording her way through a thickness of twenty-five inches of ice.

The geological survey of Florida, begun by the Government at Gainsville, is expected, among other things, to develop the little-known phosphate deposits in that State, and important results are expected.

A rule for determining the normal weight of man, which is both ingenious and approximately correct, is that a man should weigh just as many kilograms as he measures centimeters in height, after deducting one meter.

A new departure in museums is announced from Florence, where a "Psychological Museum," for the collection and display of "all documents serving to illustrate human passions," has been established by ministerial decree.

Regarding the suspected influence of the climate of Japan in the causation of rheumatism and neuralgia in resident foreigners, it is interesting to note that horses imported into Japan from China and other countries are soon more or less disabled by rheumatism.

A deposit of bismuth has been discovered in an abandoned mine in Montana. The metal is worth $2.80 a pound. The ore runs as high as 40 per cent., and if the deposit proves to be extensive, it will be the greatest mine of the kind in the world.

A medical journal points out that the French are gradually dying out. Dr. Lagneau has predicted that if matters go on as at present there will not be a single Frenchman in existence less than five centuries hence, and that without the aid of wars or epidemics.

A number of medical men in London have united to form a hypnotic society, the purpose of which will be to prevent by law public exhibitions of mesmerism and hypnotism. Another object will be to study privately and in a scientific manner the phenomena of those morbid states.

A recent writer says that persons who earnestly desire to live can keep a mortal disease at bay much longer than those who are comparatively indifferent to their fate. A resolute determination not to succumb is, as every army surgeon knows, the salvation of many a wounded soldier, who without it would assuredly die.

The use of nitro-glycerine in cases of emergency instead of alcohol is recommended by an English physician. A drop on the tonge rouses a fainting man, and it may restore life in the case of apparent death, as from drowning. It has quickly relieved headache, heart pains and asthma and strengthened weak pulse in fevers.

An Infant Escort.

The messenger service occasionally offeres its contribution to the humor of metropolitan life. A few nights ago a sedate woman close to the line of middle life found herself detained at a friend's home until quite midnight. As she was without an escort it was deemed prudent by both her friend and herself to ring for a messenger boy (that never-failing resource of a woman in all manner of emergency and distress!) to see that she reached home in safety. In a few minutes the ring was answered. And such a wee, sleepy, forlorn mite of humanity as presented itself. "He was not more than 10 years old, I am sure," said the object of his protection. "He was red-haired and freckled, and wore a look of the most abject misery. But we started bravely out, my escort leading the way. On the upper step of the stoop he tripped and fell nearly the length of the steps. I picked him up, replaced his cap, felt of his bruises and mothered him as if he were my own son—as, indeed, he might have been. When we got into the street car I saw the amused look that came over the faces of the half dozen passengers in the car. I didn't wonder. I wanted to giggle myself. But I didn't; I only took my protector by the hand as we left the car and led him gently on until I dismissed him at my home. Another time I require such a service of the messenger company I shall specify that no infants be despatched.—*New York Sun.*

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Gathercole is the name of one of Pennsylvania's coal barons.

In Holland blindness is rarer than in any other European country.

About $500,000 worth of so-called old violins are exported from Germany yearly.

Norway has more kinds of coins in circulation than any other European country.

There are five New Yorks, nine Philadelphias and twelve Bostons in the United States.

Volapuk is now eleven years old, and it is asserted that 5,000,000 persons are able to use it.

T. Johnson of Englewood, Cal., owns a calf with three horns. The animal has two more started.

Nearly 300 organ grinders arrive in London every June from Italy, and leave again about October.

A field near Wilkesbarre, Penn., was found to be almost alive with freshly hatched grasshoppers a few days ago.

A very large letter was recently mailed in Australia. It weighed 238 ounces, and the value of stamps on it amounted to $55.

A Blue Springs (Ky.) paper says that in a recent lawsuit in that town, Colonel Colby, in addressing the jury, brought down the house by singing a comic song as an illustration in making a point in the case.

At the Carlisle Indian school, the debating club of Indian students recently argued the subject of woman suffrage. The committee voted at the conclusion that the young women had the better of the argument.

Complaint is made that the craze for natural flowers, ferns and rare plants generally is leading to the destruction of the British hedge rows, and a law is proposed to make it a misdemeanor to steal flowers or twigs.

Of the 1664 persons applying for lodgings at the Municipal Night Refuge in Paris, 1570 were Frenchmen, 38 Belgians, 21 Germans, 17 Swiss, 10 Italians, 5 Luxemburgers, and one each from Canada, Spain and Roumania.

It is said the first cost of building a fleet of Atlantic liners is a trifle compared to the cost of running them. In less than three years it will exceed the cost of construction, so enormous is the expenditure in wages, port duties and repairs.

The postmaster of Owosso, Mich., has been so pestered by local dudes gossiping with his pretty clerks that he has placed over each window a printed card which reads: "This window for P. O. business only; not for visiting."

The mother of Homily, a famous Indian chief, died recently at the Umatilla reservation. She was the oldest woman in Oregon, being one hundred and thirteen years of age. Homily is seventy-three years old, and his mother was forty when he was born.

Twenty-four years ago George Barnhouse of Centreville, Iowa, while in the army, was shot in the head. He survived the wound, and on a recent morning he began to sneeze violently and out of his nose droped the Spencer rifle ball that struck him while in battle.

Worship of Flowers by Persians.

A recent traveler in India gives the following description of flower worship as practised by the Persians in Bombay. A true Persian, in flowing robe of blue, and on his head a sheepskin hat—black, glossy, curly, the fleece of Kar Kal—would saunter in and stand and meditate over every flower he saw, and always as if half in vision. And when the vision was fulfilled, and the ideal flower he was seeking found, he would spread his mat and sit before it until the setting of the sun and then fold up his mat again and go home. And the next night, and night after night until that particular flower had faded away, he would return to it and bring his friends in ever-increasing troops to it and sit and play the guitar or lute before it, and they would altogether pray there, and after prayer still sit befor it, sipping sherbet and talking the most hilarious and shocking scandal late into the moonlight, and so again every evening until the flower died. Sometimes, by way of a grand finale, the whole company would suddenly arise before the flower, and serenade it together with an ode from Hafiz and depart.—*Cassell's Journal.*

GARFIELD'S MONUMENT.

A Magnificent Memorial Temple at Cleveland.

To be Dedicated Decoration Day With Imposing Ceremonies.

A special from Cleveland, Ohio, to the New York *Herald* states that the remains of the late President James A. Garfield are soon to be moved from the public vault in which they now repose to the crypt in the monnment, which will be

CLEVELAND'S GARFIELD MONUMENT.

dedicated to his memory Decoration Day. It was at first announced that the remains would not be removed until the day of dedication, but the Garfield family have since concluded that the removal of the body is a purely personal affair, and do not desire any public demonstration. The remains will have to be lowered into the crypt before the statue of Garfield is placed in position in the centre of the memorial temple, directly beneath the dome of the monument. When the body was sent to Cleveland in 1881, shortly after death, it was placed in a massive and highly finished metal casket, where it has remained ever since, and the same casket will encase the body when it is transferred to the monument.

The exercises attending the dedication promise to be of the most impressive and imposing character. Invitations will be sent to President Harrison and his Cabinet, ex-President Cleveland, Governor Campbell, of Ohio, and his staff, and they will in all probability be present. Personal invitations will also be sent to many of the nation's distinguished citizens, and a general invitation is extended to all the civic and military organizations in the country. The Executives and staffs of numerous States will be present. The committee has decided that personal invitations would entail too voluminous a correspondence, and thus concluded to make the invitation a general one to everybody, and to issue a special one to the heads of the national and State departments.

As the monument was built by popular subscription, consisting of nickels, dimes and dollars, the committee concedes every man's right to participate. The day will be the grandest Cleveland ever saw. Represented in the parade will be the Masonic bodies and the militia of every State, and from all quarters will be assembled the leading men of the day to pay tribute to a man who, though cradled in Ohio and reared almost within the precincts of the city, spread his influence over the entire country and finds his sepulchre the heart of the nation. Ex-President Hayes will make a brief introductory address, but the principal speaker will be ex-Governor J. D. Cox, of Ohio.

Grandma Garfield's remains will also be transferred from the public vault to the monument at the same time, and will be placed beside those of her distinguished son.

The cost of the monument amounts to $160,000, of which sum $62,000 was subscribed in Cleveland, $10,000 from Ohio outside of Cleveland, and the remainder from the various States and Territories, with about $1500 from foreign countries. After work had progressed somewhat upon the monument it was decided to reduce the height seventy-five feet, to insure greater stability, and the result has been to give the monument a stunted and dwarfed appearance, which invariably gives offence at the first glance, but the eye is soon attracted by the many beauties of the exterior. All that is squatty about the design is purely external, for when one has climbed the many narrow, little winding stone staircases in the interior to the dome and looks out through the windows to the ground beneath he thinks the earth is several hundred feet away. One of the peculiar properties of the structure, and which will in time give it a double fame, is its power of sound transmission. When one man is speaking a dozen seem to talk. The tones of the voice seem to be divided into several different parts, and each division has a greater strength than the original voice itself. The harmonious complemental and blending tones are all preserved.

The monument stands upon a massive, square foundation of stone which is accessible by a stairway of twenty steps. The monument stands squarely in the centre of the foundation and leaves a margin of about ten feet for a walk around the structure. The monument proper is round in shape and is capped by a cone shaped dome. Upon the west side is a square, heavy portico, in which are embedded panels representative of scenes through which Garfield passed. The first panel, on the north side, shows a country school, with Garfield, then a youth, as teacher. The second panel, on the west side, is a war scene, and represents Garfield serving on General Rosecrans's staff, the third panel represents him as an orator, and in the fourth panel he is taking the oath of office as President. The fifth panel, on the south side, represents a bier.

The interior decorations are in marble and mosaic work. The Garfield statue will occupy the direct centre of the memorial temple, and all its surroundings will add to its beauty. It will rear an imposing monument in white amid all the colors of the rainbow. This statue is the second that has been cut of Garfield.

When the first one was almost finished a shadow of black was detected in it which so marred the snowy whiteness of the whole that a new block had to be selected. The new block was found to be without a flaw. The statue will stand upon a marble paved dais, and will measure about ten feet in height. Light will be thrown upon the statue in the temple from the great stained glass windows and four panel windows each being designs emblematic of the thirteen original States and Ohio. New York is represented by the Statue of Liberty, with a big steamship in the distance.

It required nearly 250,000 pieces of Venetian mosaic marble for the interior work on the dome. The memorial temple is circular in form, and is surrounded by eight massive pillars which support the dome.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

THE Players' League is firmly opposed to playing on Sundays.

THE seating capacity of the Philadelphia Players' League grounds is 20,000.

MIKE KELLY is throwing all his energy into the training of the Boston Players' team.

SIX THOUSAND dollars' worth of the Pittsburg Players' League stock is held in Chicago.

MANAGER HECKER has compelled his Pittsburg League team to practice four hours a day.

THE grounds of the National League and the Players' League in New York are close together.

MULVEY intends to pay the Philadelphia League Club back the $1250 advanced money he received.

THIS will be a good season for the development of baseball talent. Quite a number of future stars may be counted upon.

THE Philadelphia scorers are going to make efforts to get the actual attendance at each of the games of the three organizations this season.

AUSTRALIANS are going crazy over baseball. They have already organized a six-club league, and the papers devote a good deal of space to the game.

PITTSBURG is to have the natural freak who was signed by Indianapolis. His name is Gray and he has six fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot.

CAPTAIN ANSON took his Chicago National League team to the Arkansas Hot Springs for a fortnight's recuperation before the opening of the regular season.

THE Players' League will have the double umpire system this season. Two of the eight umpires—Ferguson and Gaffney—are considered among the best in their line.

PAUL RADFORD has declared himself against Sunday baseball playing, and has had a clause exempting him from participating in Sunday games included in his contract.

A YEAR ago pitcher Rusie was working in an Indianapolis lounge factory and pitching for $5 per game. Now he is a crack pitcher and a member of New York's League team.

ANOTHER attempt will be made to start a Southern League. The cities proposed are Montgomery, Selma, Mobile, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Columbus, Ga., and New Orleans.

DIGBY BELL and De Wolf Hopper, two of the leading lights of comic opera, won't recognize the League in the present fight. They're "with the Brotherhood heart and hand."

THE International League has adopted a six-club schedule, with Detroit, Saginaw, Buffalo, London, Hamilton and Toronto as members. The season of 128 games will begin on April 28.

THE Cleveland Players' Club is having no end of difficulty in getting possession of its grounds. Between the railroads and the property owners in the neighborhood things are in a very turbulent state.

THE Players' League, at a meeting of the Central Board of Directors in New York, reinstated Beckley, Delehanty and Mulvey, who had joined the National League and then repented of their action.

ONE of the good rules adopted by the Louisville Club is: "Players must transact all their business connected with the club through the manager." This should commend itself to every club in the country.

THE old St. Louis Browns furnish four captains to the profession this season, viz., Comiskey, for the Chicagos; Welch, for the Athletics; McCarthy, for the St. Louis Browns, and Gleason, for the Washingtons.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

EMIN PACHA will return to Central Africa as a German Governor.

IT is reported that Evangelist Moody has converted many Yale students.

MINISTER FRED GRANT says he and his wife are having a delightful time in Vienna.

PRINCE BISMARCK is compiling a memoir of the last twenty-five years of his official life.

INVENTOR EDISON has been elected an honorary member of the Berlin Electrical Society.

THE Prince of Naples, heir apparent to the throne of Italy, is suffering from overstudy.

OLIVER DALRYMPLE, the bonanza farmer of Dakota, expects to raise this year 30,000 acres of wheat.

ANDREW CARNEGIE, the Pittsburg millionaire, will speak at the Scotch-Irish congress in that city next month.

THE venerable Sir Edwin Chadwick, the great English sanitarian, uses no tobacco, and eats many green vegetables.

IT is proposed to give a complimentary banquet to Allan G. Thurman on the occasion of his seventy-seventh birthday.

C. B. EVARTS, the New York Senator's oldest son, devotes his attention to managing his father's big farm at Windsor, Vt.

THE King of Dahomey was educated in Paris, but the cruelty was not refined out of him. He is just as bad as any of his savage ancestors.

SENATOR COCKRELL, does his own marketing in Washington every morning, and makes his $5000 salary cover all the expenses of a large family.

DOM PEDRO, the ex-Emperor of Brazil, has refused to accept the proceeds of the forced sale of his Brazilian property ordered by the Provisional Government.

JOSHUA HOOD, one of the committee appointed to welcome General Lafayette during his visit to this country in 1824, died recently in Baltimore at the age of eighty-seven.

ERNEST RENAN, the French philosopher, indulges in a hobby of not riding in vehicles of any kind, preferring to walk, although his health is feeble, and a stout cane is necessary to support him.

REWI is the last survivor of the great fighting chiefs of New Zealand. His defence of Orakan against the British troops is one of the most brilliant achievements in the history of savage warfare.

SENATOR BROWN, of Georgia, is a devoted member of the Baptist Church. He has given $50,000 to the Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky., and $10,000 for a new Baptist Church in Atlanta.

DR. BRUENNEN, an American, has been appointed professor of oriental philology at Heidelberg, this being the second instance in which an American has been appointed a professor in a Germany university.

FERDINAND DE LESSEPS, of Suez Canal fame, leans heavily forward as he walks, and his hair is white as slacked lime, yet he still retains a buoyant flow of animal spirits, and his handwriting is anything but shaky.

THE Czar of Russia indulges in pretty heavy hypodermic injections of morphia, to the extent of between twelve and fifteen grains a day. He tried to give up the habit, but it was too strong for him, and he remains its willing slave.

M. DE FREYCINET, who has become for the fourth time Premier of the French Republic, is a peculiar creature. He is small and insignificant physically, and his countenance habitually bears a furtive, scared expression, which has led to his being dubbed "the White Mouse."

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "Easter Thoughts."

TEXT: "*And the field of Ephron, which was in Machpelah which was before Mamre, the field and the cave which was therein, and all the trees that were in the field, that were in all the borders round about, were made sure unto Abraham.*"—Gen. xxiii., 17, 18.

Here is the first cemetery ever laid out. Machpelah was its name. It was an arborescent beauty, where the wound of death was bandaged with foliage. Abraham, a rich man, not being able to bribe the King of Terrors, proposes here, as far as possible, to cover up his ravages. He had no doubt previously noticed this region, and now that Sarah his wife had died—that remarkable person who at ninety years of age had born to her the son Isaac, and who now, after she had reached one hundred and twenty-seven years, had expired—Abraham is negotiating for a family plot for her last slumber. Ephron owned this real estate, and after, in mock sympathy for Abraham, refusing to take anything for it, now sticks on a big price—four hundred shekels of silver. This cemetery lot is paid for, and the transfer made, in the presence of witnesses in a public place, for there were no deeds and no halls of record in those early times. Then in a cavern of limestone rock Abraham put Sarah, and, a few years after, himself followed, and then Isaac and Rebekah, and then Jacob and Leah. Embowered, picturesque and memorable Machpalah! That "God's acre" dedicated by Abraham has been the mother of innumerable mortuary observances. The necropolis of every civilized land has vied with its metropolis.

The most beautiful hills of Europe outside the great cities are covered with obelisk and funeral vase and arched gateways and columns and parterres in honor of the inhumated. The Appian Way of Rome was bordered by sepulchral commemorations. For this purpose Pisa has its arcades of marble sculptured into exquisite bas reliefs and the features of dear faces that have vanished. Genoa has its terraces cut into tombs; and Constantinople covers with cypress the silent habitations; and Paris has its Pere-Lachaise, on whose height rests Balzac and David and Marshal Ney and Cuvier and La Place and Moliere, and a mighty group of warriors and poets and painters and musicians. In all foreign nations utmost genius on all sides is expended in the work of interment, mummification and incineration.

Our own country consents to be second to none in respect to the lifeless body. Every city and town and neighborhood of any intelligence or virtue has, not many miles away, its sacred inclosure, where affection has engaged sculptor's chisel and florist's spade and artificer in metals. Our own city has shown its religion as well as its art, in the manner in which it holds the memory of those who have passed forever away, by its Cypress Hills and its Evergreens and its Calvary and Holy Cross and Friends' cemeteries. All the world knows of our Greenwood, with now about two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants sleeping among hills that overlook the sea, and by lakes embosomed in an Eden of flowers, our American Westminster Abbey, an Acropolis of mortuary architecture, a Pantheon of mighty ones ascended, elegies in stone, Iliads in marble, whole generations in peace waiting for other generations to join them. No dormitory of breathless sleepers in all the world has so many mighty dead.

Among preachers of the gospel, Bethune and Thomas De Witt, and Bishop Janes and Tyng, and Abeel the missionary, and Beecher and Buddington and McClintock and Inskip and Bangs and Chapin and Noah Schenck and Samuel Hanson Cox. Among musicians, the renowned Gottschalk and the holy Thomas Hastings. Among the philanthropists, Peter Cooper and Isaac T. Hopper and Lucretia Mott and Isabella Graham, and Henry Bergh, the apostle of mercy to the brute creation. Among the literati, the Carys, Alice and Phœbe, James K. Paulding and John G. Saxe. Among the journalists, Bennett and Raymond and Greeley. Among scientists, Ormsby Mitchel, warrior as well as astronomer, and lovingly called by his soldiers "Old Stars;" the Drapers, splendid men, as I well know, one of them my teacher, the other my classmate.

Among inventors, Elias Howe, who, through the sewing machine, did more to alleviate the toils of womanhood than any man that ever lived, and Professor Morse, who gave us magnetic telegraphy; the former doing his work with the needle, the latter with the thunderbolt. Among physicians and surgeons, Joseph C. Hutchinson, and Marion Sims, and Dr. Valentine Mott, with the following epitaph wh ch he ordered cut in honor of the Christian religion: "My implicit faith and hope is in a mercifnl Redeemer, who is the resurrection and the life. Amen and Amen." This is our American Machpelah, as sacred to us as the Machpelah in Canaan, of which Jacob uttered that pastoral poem in one verse: "There they buried Abraham, and Sarah his wife; there they buried Isaac, and Rebekah his wife, and there I buried Leah."

At this Easter service I ask and answer what may seem a novel question, but it will be found, before I get through, a practical and useful and tremendous question. What will Resurrection day do for the cemeteries? First, I remark it will be their supernatural beautification. At certain seasons it is customary in all lands to strew flowers over the mounds of the departed. It may have been suggested by the fact that Christ's tomb was in a garden. And when I say garden I do not mean a garden of these latitudes. The late frosts of spring and the early frosts of autumn are so near to each other that there are only a few months of flowers in the field. All the flowers we see to-day had to be petted and coaxed and put under shelter or they would not have bloomed at all. They are the children of the conservatories. But at this season and through the most of the year, the Holy Land is all ablush with floral opulence. You find all the royal family of flowers there, some that you supposed indigenous to the far north, and others indigenous to the far south—the daisy and hyacinth, crocus and anemone, tulip and water lily, geranium and ranunculus, mignonette and sweet marjoram.

In the college at Beyrout you may see Dr. Post's collection of about eighteen hundred kinds of Holy Land flowers; while among the trees are the oak of frozen climes, and the tamarisk of the tropics, walnut and willow, ivy and hawthorn, ash and elder, pine and sycamore. If such floral and botanical beauties are the wild growths of the fields think of what a garden must be in Palestine! And in such a garden Jesus Christ slept after, on the soldier's spear. His last drop of blood had coagulated. And then see how appropriate that all our cemeteries should be floralized and tree shaded. In June, Greenwood is Brooklyn's garden.

"Well, then," you say, "how can you make out that the Resurrection day will beautify the cemeteries? Will it not leave them a plowed up ground? On that day there will be an earthquake, and will not this split the polished Aberdeen granite, as well as the plain slab that can afford but the two words, 'Our Mary,' or 'Our Charley?'" Well, I will tell you how Resurrection day will beautify all the cemeteries. It will be by bringing up the faces that were to us once, and in our memories are to us now, more beautiful than any calla lily, and the forms that are to us more graceful than any willow by the waters. Can you think of anything more beautiful than the reappearance of those from whom we have been parted? I do not care which way the tree falls in the blast of the judgment hurricane, or if the plowshare that day shall turn under the last rose leaf and the last China aster, if out of the broken sod shall come the bodies of our loved ones not damaged, but irradiated.

The idea of the resurrection gets easier to understand as I hear the phonograph unroll some voice that talked into it or sung into it a year ago, just before our friend's decease. You turn the wire, and then come forth the very tones, the very accentuation, the very cough, the very song of the person that breathed into it once, but is now departed. If a man can do that, cannot Almighty God, without half trying, return the voice of your departed? And if he can return the voice, why not the lips and the tongue and the throat that fashioned the voice? And if the lips and the tongue and the throat, why not then the brain that suggested the words? And if the brain, why not the nerves, of which the brain is the headquarters? And if he can return the nerves, why not the muscles, which are less ingenious? And if the muscles, why not the bones, that are less wonderful? And if the voice and the brain and the muscles and the bones, why not the entire body? If man can do the phonograph, God can do the resurrection. Will it be the same body that in the last day shall be reanimated? Yes, but infinitely improved.

Our bodies change every seven years, and yet, in one sense, it is the same body. On my wrist and the second finger of my right hand there is a scar. I made that at twelve years of age, when, disgusted at the presence of two warts, I took a red hot iron and burned them off, and burned them out. Since then my body has changed at least a half dozen times, but those scars prove it is the same body. And we never lose our identity. If Gon can and does sometimes rebuild a man five, six, ten times, in this world, is it mysterious that He can rebuild him once more, and that in the resurrection? If He can do it ten times, I think He can do it eleven times. Then look at the seventeen-year locusts. For seventeen years gone, at the end of seventeen years they appear, and by rubbing the hind leg against the wing make that rattle at which all the husbandmen and vine dressers tremble as the insectile host takes up the march of devastation. Resurrection every seventeen years!

Another consideration makes the idea of resurrection easier. God made Adam. He was not fashioned after any model. There had never been a human organism, and so there was nothing to copy. At the first attempt God made a perfect man. He made him out of the dust of the earth. If out of ordinary dust of the earth and without a model God could make a perfect man, surely out of the extraordinary dust of the mortal body, and with millions of models, God can make each one of us a perfect being in the resurrection. Surely the last undertaking would not be greater than the first. See the gospel algebra: ordinary dust minus a model equals a perfect man; extraordinary dust and plus a model equals a resurrection body. Mysteries about it? Oh, yes; that is one reason why I believe it. It would not be much of a God who could do things only as far as I can understand. Mysteries? Oh, yes; but no more about the resurrection of your body than about its present existence.

I will explain to you the last mystery of the resurrection, and make it as plain to you as that two and two make four, if you will tell me how your mind, which is entirely independent of your body, can act upon your body so that at your will your eyes open, or your foot walks, or your hand is extended. So I find nothing in the Bible statement concerning the resurrection that staggers me for a moment. All doubts clear from my mind, I say that the cemeteries, however beautiful now, will be more beautiful when the bodies of our loved ones come up.

They will come in improved condition. They will come up rested. The most of them lay down at the last very tired. How often you have heard them say: "I am so tired!" The fact is it is a tired world. If I should go through this audience, and go round the world, I could not find a person in any style of life ignorant of the sensation of fatigue. I do not believe there are fifty persons in this audience who are not tired. Your head is tired, or your back is tired, or your foot is tired, or your brain is tired, or your nerves are tired. Long journeying, or business application, or bereavement, or sickness have put on you heavy weights. So the vast majority of those who went out of this world went out fatigued. About the poorest place to rest in is this world. Its atmosphere, its surroundings, and even its hilarities are exhausting. So God stops our earthly life, and mercifully closes the eyes, and quiets the feet, and folds the hands, and more especially gives quiescence to the lungs and heart, that have not had ten minutes' rest from the first respiration and the first beat.

If a drummer boy were compelled in the army to beat his drum for twenty-four hours without stopping, his officer would be court-martialed for cruelty. If the drummer boy should be commanded to beat his drum for a week without ceasing, day and night, he would die in attempting it. But under your vestment is a poor heart that began its drum beat for the march of life thirty or forty or sixty or eighty years ago, and it has had no furlough by day or night; and, whether in conscious or comatose state, it went right on, for if it had stopped seven seconds your life would have closed. And your heart will keep going until some time after your spirit has flown, for the auscultator says that after the last expiration of lung and the last throb of pulse, and after the spirit is released, the heart keeps on beating for a time. What a mercy then it is that the grave is the place where that wondrous machinery of ventricle and artery can halt!

Under the healthful chemistry of the soil all the wear and tear of nerve and muscle and bone will be subtracted and that bath of good, fresh, clean soil will wash off the last ache, and then some of the same style of dust out of which the body of Adam was constructed may be infused into the resurrection body. How can the bodies of the human race, which have had no replenishment from the dust since the time of Adam in paradise, get any recuperation from the store-house from which he was constructed without our going back into the dust? That original, life-giving material having been added to the body as it once was, and all the defects left behind, what a body will be the resurrection body! And will not hundreds of thousands of such appearing above the Gowanus heights make Greenwood more beautiful than any June morning after a shower?

The dust of the earth being the original material for the fashioning of the first human being, we have to go back to the same place to get a perfect body. Factories are apt to be rough places, and those who toil in them have their garments grimy and their hands smutched. But who cares for that, when they turn out for us beautiful musical instruments or exquisite upholstery! What though the grave is a rough place, it is a resurrection body manufactory, and from it shall come the radiant and resplendent forms of our friends on the brightest morning the world saw ever. You put into a factory cotton, and it comes out apparel. You put into a factory lumber and lead, and it comes out pianos and organs. And so into the factory of the grave you put in pneumonias and consumptions, and they come out health. You put in groans, and they come out hallelujahs. For us, on the final day, the most attractive places will not be the parks or the gardens or the palaces, but the cemeteries.

We are not told in what season that day will come. If it should be winter, those who come up will be more lustrous than the snow that covered them. If in the autumn, those who come up will be more gorgeous than the woods after the frosts have penciled them. If in the spring, the bloom on which they tread will be dull compared with the rubicund of their cheeks. Oh the perfect resurrection body! Almost every one has some defective spot in his physical constitution; a dull ear, or a dim eye, or a rheumatic foot, or a neuralgic brow, or a twisted muscle, or a weak side, or an inflamed tonsil, or some point at which the east wind or a season of overwork assaults him. But the resurrection body shall be without one weak spot, and all that the doctors and nurses and apothecaries of earth will thereafter have to do will be to rest without interruption after the broken nights of their earthly existence. Not only will that day be the beatification of well kept cemeteries, but some of the graveyards that have been neglected, and been the pasture ground for cattle and rooting places for swine, will for the first time have attractiveness given them.

It was a shame that in that place ungrateful generations planted no trees, and twisted no garlands, and sculptured no marble for their Christian ancestry; but on the day of which I speak the resurrected shall make the place of their feet glorious. From under the shadow of the church, where they slumbered among nettles and mullen stalks and thistles, and slabs aslant, they shall rise with a glory that shall flash the windows of the village church, and by the bell tower that used to call them to worship, and above the old spire beside which their prayers formerly ascended. What triumphal procession never did for a street, what an oratorio never did for an academy, what an orator never did for a brilliant auditory, what obelisk never did for a King, resurrection morn will do for all the cemeteries.

This Easter tells us that in Christ's resurrection our resurrection, if we are His, and the resurrection of all the pious dead is assured, for He was "the first fruits of them that slept." Renan says He did not rise, but five hundred and eighty witnesses, sixty of them Christ's enemies, say He did rise, for they saw Him after He had risen. If He did not rise, how did sixty armed soldiers let Him get away? Surely sixty living soldiers ought to be able to keep one dead man! Blessed be God! He did get away. After His resurrection Mary Magdalene saw Him. Cleopas saw Him. Ten disciples in an upper room at Jerusalem saw Him. On a mountain the eleven saw Him. Five hundred at once saw Him. Professor Ernest Renan, who did not see Him, will excuse us for taking the testimony of the five hundred and eighty who did see Him. Yes, yes; He got away. And that makes me sure that our departed loved ones and we ourselves shall get away. Freed Himself from the shackles of clod, He is not going to leave us and ours in the lurch.

There will be no door knob on the inside of our family sepulchre, for we cannot come out, of ourselves; but there is a door knob on the outside, and that Jesus shall lay hold of, and opening, will say: "Good morning! You have slept long enough! Arise! Arise!" And then what flutter of wings, and what flashing of rekindled eyes, and what gladsome rushing across the family lot, with cries of "Father, is that you?" "Mother, is that you?" "My darling, is that you?" "How you all have changed! The cough gone, the croup gone, the consumption gone, the paralysis gone, the weariness gone. Come, let us ascend together! The older ones first, the younger ones next! Quick, now, get into line! The skyward procession has already started! Steer now by that embankment of cloud for the nearest gate!"

And as we ascend, on one side the earth gets smaller until it is no larger than a mountain, and smaller until it is no larger than a palace, and smaller until it is no larger than a ship, and smaller until it is no larger than a wheel, and smaller until it is no larger than a speck.

Farewell, dissolving earth! But on the other side, as we rise, heaven at first appears no larger than your hand. And nearer it looks like a chariot, and nearer it looks like a throne, and nearer it looks like a star, and nearer it looks like a sun, and nearer it looks like a universe. Hail, scepters that shall always wave! Hail, anthems that shall always roll! Hail, companionships never again to be broken, and friendships never again to part! That is what Resurrection day will do for all the cemeteries and graveyards, from the Machpelah that was opened by Father Abraham in Hebron to the Machpelah yesterday consecrated. And that makes Lady Huntington's immortal rhythm most apposite:

When Thou, my righteous Judge, shalt come
To take Thy ransomed people home,
Shall I among them stand?
Shall such a worthless worm as I,
Who sometimes am afraid to die,
Be found at Thy right hand?

Among Thy saints let me be found,
Whene'er th' archangel's trump shall sound;
To see Thy smiling face:
Then loudest of the throng I'll sing,
While heaven's resounding arches ring
With shouts of sovereign grace.

HOW MUCH are a man's eyes worth in hard cash? If one absolutely loses the sight of both of them because of the negligence or something worse of a corporation, what amount of damages ought to be awarded him? These points were lately discussed in St. Louis, before the United States Circuit Court. A colored man had both his eyes burned out while in the service of a steamship company. He brought suit and the jury gave him $10,000. Whereupon the counsel for the company appealed on the ground that the award was "excessive." In doing so he failed to state the amount which the company would not regard as excessive. Perhaps it felt that $12.50 would be about the right figure. It will, however, be apt to strike the average student of values that man—a creature only a little lower than the angels—must be getting to be a drug on the market if his eyes are not to be regard as worth at least $10,000.

A BLUE SPRINGS (Ky.) paper says that in a recent lawsuit in that town, Colonel Colby, in addressing the jury, brought down the house by singing a comic song as an illustration in making a point in the case.

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR APRIL 13.

Lesson Text: "The Widow of Nain," Luke vii., 11-18—Golden Text: Luke vii., 16—Commentary.

11. "And it came to pass the day after, that He went into a city called Nain." He had been at Capernaum, where His soul had been greatly refreshed by the faith of a Gentile, a Roman centurion, leading Him to say, "I have not found so great faith, no, not in Israel," and to look forward to the time of the kingdom when many who were far off shall be found there, and many who thought themselves entitled to the kingdom shall be cast out (see Matt. viii., 10-13).

"And many of His disciples went with Him, and much people." Tabor, Little Hermon and Gilboa are three mountains rising from the plain of Esdraelon, south of Cana and southwest of the sea of Galilee. Nain is on the northwest of Little Hermon, the middle hill of the three, while Endor is on the north and Shunem on the west. Jesus left Capernaum and journeyed some twenty miles southwesterly to Nain. He would not be very far from Cana or Nazareth, and a little farther on He would have come to Shunem, where Elisha raised a little boy to life. They glorified God, saying, That a great prophet is risen up among us; and, That God hath visited His people." They may have thought of the resurrections through Elijah and Elisha, and possibly have remembered these words: "I will send you Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and dreadful day of the Lord" (Mal. iv., 5), or some of the promises of visitation for deliverance and restoration, as Isa. xxiv., 22, 23; Ezek. xxxviii., 8; Zeph. ii., 7, etc. The two companies have now a common centre; the woman and her son and all their friends have joined the disciples and much people who followed Jesus, and together they glorify God as seen in Him. This was the great object of Jesus in all He said and did, and in His last prayer He is able to say triumphantly, "I have glorified Thee on the earth; I have finished the work which Thou gavest me to do." (John xvii, 4).

12. "And there went forth this rumor of Him throughout all Judæa, and throughout all the region round about." That is about equal to saying "from Dan and Beersheba," or throughout the length and breadth of the land. What joy in Nain! What excitement! Something unheard of since the days of Elijah and Elisha. How the people did talk! How they spread it abroad through the whole land! One who can not only cure the sick but actually raise the dead has visited Israel. The men talked, the women talked, the children talked, and it was all about Jesus and His wondrous works.

13. "And the disciples of John shewed him of all these things." And John wasn't a bit jealous, but only desired that all might follow Jesus, for he had before said: "He must increase, but I must decrease; the friend of the Bridegroom which standeth and heareth Him rejoiceth greatly because of the Bridegroom's voice; this my joy, therefore, is fulfilled" (John iii., 29).—*Lesson Helper.*

FROM FAR AND NEAR.

Some Matters of Moment Sent Over the Wires.

A Great Gathering of Sioux on Their Reservation.

The greatest gathering of Sioux known on the great reservation for years has just been held near Fort Pierre, South Dakota. All the noted chiefs were there and a big discussion was held as to whether the Indians had best take up lands in severalty or all go back to the lands which are left them.

John Grass, the noted orator among the Sioux, made an earnest speech, in which he urged the Sioux to be men and not squaws; to take land and earn their living, and not get their living from the Government, like pappooses from a squaw.

Sitting Bull and the rest of the chiefs took the opposite side of the question. Sitting Bull expressed his hatred of the Government and whites, and said that only the squaws should work, and that he and his small band would still take their provisions from the Government. The result of the meeting was a decision not to take up lands and to go back on the new reserve and let the Government still keep the red men by issuing them rations.

As a result only a few squawmen and half-breeds will go to farming or take up their lands as allowed in the Sioux bill.

The Head of the Morman Church Throws a Bombshell.

The sixtieth annual conference of the Church of Latter Day Saints has been held at Salt Lake City, Utah. Five thousand persons were in attendance, representing branches of the Morman Church all over the country. President Woodruff, the head of the church, said in his opening address that the day of revelations had ended. God had revealed enough of the mysteries for people to see salvation, and there was no need of looking for more divine utterances.

The statement was a bombshell in the camp of the Mormons, who had hitherto contended that all actions of the church was detailed by revelation from the prophet, which is Woodruff. Other speakers followed in the same strain and urged strict compliance with the laws of the church. A leading Mormon said that it was expected that Woodruff would assert that he had a revelation from God that polygamy should be abandoned.

Official Report on the Damage by the Cyclone in Illinois.

Adjutant-General Vance, of Illinois, has returned to Springfield from the southern part of the State, where he was sent to investigate the damage done by the storm of March 27th. His report to Governor Fifer says that at Metropolis, one woman was killed and fifteen persons were wounded, none mortally. The damage to property at Metropolis is $80,000, and to farmers in that region $20,000. The citizens were repairing damaged houses rapidly.

The homeless were all cared for, and there was no immediate suffering. At Grand Tower, in Jackson County, two persons were killed, four mortally wounded, two of whom had since died, and thirty-seven more or less seriously hurt. Ninteen houses were destroyed and the families rendered homeless. There were no vacant houses, and a church is used as a hospital. Eleven persons were injured at Campbell's Hill.

A Disastrous Fire.

The business section of the village of Theresa, Jefferson County, N. Y., has been entirely destroyed by fire. Forty-two buildings were burned, involving a loss of $150,000 to $200,000. About twenty of the buildings were dwellings and the remainder were stores and shops.

Twelve Persons Drowned.

A party of colored people lately arrived from North Carolina got on an improvised raft to escape the overflow in the Bogue Falaya in Mississippi. Being unused to navigation, they ran against a stump and wrecked the raft. Twelve women and children were drowned.

FIRE IN AN ORPHANAGE.

The Children Behaved Nobly and No One Was Injured.

Fire broke out early in the morning in the boiler-house and laundry of the Protestant Orphan Asylum at Washington, D. C. The sick nurse, Mrs. Tyler, had got up and went to the bedside of a sick child. She smelled smoke, and hastening to the window discovered that the structure used as a boiler-house and laundry was on fire. Mrs. Tyler hastened to the room of Mrs. Wright, the matron, and the latter awakened her son, Dr. W. B. Wright, who is dentist for the institution. He ran to the fire alarm box and turned in an alarm.

By this time the flames had eaten their way through the ceiling into the laundry above, and the whole inside of the building was a mass of flames. The firemen soon got to work and the flames were quickly subdued. Mrs. Wright gave orders to the children to put on their shoes and go to the chapel. Many of the little ones had been aroused by the cry of fire, and they were up and at the windows to see the boiler-house and laundry go up in smoke. The children behaved nobly, and in a few minutes they were all in the chapel. There was no panic, and the affair passed off without a single accident.

THE ladies of Long Island have adopted gun shooting as a new fad. With the sex's known skill in climbing fences, if they are about one-half as careful as their brother gunners in carrying their weapons at such times, the coroners of that locality will probably be soon able to hold their heads up with the Vanderbilts.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. H. A. THOMPSON.

SWOPE & THOMPSON,

Editors & Proprietors.

"THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

For Advertising Rates, apply to Publishers.

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as Second Calss Mail Matter.

Volume II.

With this issue, the ITEM enters upon Volume II. The encouragement given us in the venture of publishing a paper at Mapleton has been substantial and we gratefully acknowledge the same. Considering that we have done no canvassing, our large subscription list is remarkable. We have demonstrated that a cash-in-advance plan of subscription *is* possible in Huntingdon county. We shall continue to adhere strictly to this plan, assured that it meets the approval of our patrons. We want several hundred more subscribers and we are going to get them. We make no new promises for the future, but will, as best we can, continue to advocate the cause of right, of home, of native land.

It is gratifying to know that of the many whose subscriptions expired during the past week, nearly all have renewed. They seem to be satisfied with the course of the ITEM. If you are not a patron of the "newsiest and neatest" paper in the Juniata Valley, it is time for you to invest in a year's subscription and see what hours of pleasure and profit may be derived therefrom. No paper has a better corps of correspondents and none have better facilities for gathering news. Let us have the benefit of your encouragement.

THE Philadelphia *Inquirer* has reached the enormous daily circulation of over 46,000. It has merited the great success which it has won, and its circulation in Pennsylvania should be doubled. We cheerfully recommend it to those of our readers who want a daily paper.

Easter.

How sweet, yet how sad, the thoughts that cluster around this day. More dear is it, if possible, to the Christian than that ever memorable night when Bethlehem's star shone o'er Jordan hills and angel voices proclaimed, "Glory to God in the highest, for unto you is born this day in the city of David a Savior, which is Christ the Lord."

Scarcely had a creation dawned upon the earth, ere sin had overtaken us and the Creator promised a refuge, in that, "the seed of the women should bruise the serpents head," and later confirmed the promise, saying, "The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a law giver from between his feet till Shiloh come, and unto Him shall the gathering of the people be." After this a tabernacle and later a temple service, with their magnificent architecture, its array of sprinkling priests and Hyssop branch, and slain lamb, all shadowing forth the coming Shiloh. No wonder the pious Jew waited for the Dayspring from on high to visit him. How rapturously he portrayed His kingly power! He was to be the "Wonderful Counsellor," the "Mighty God," the "Prince of Peace." And when he should come they thought their Roman bondage should cease, and they who were now despised should rise and shine, their Light having come. As they looked at the beauty and sublimity of the picture they were all forgetful that another side had been prophesied as well, viz: "When we shall see Him there is no beauty that we should desire Him; He is despised and rejected of men; a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief," and possibly, in view of all the facts, no sadder sentence occurs in the Bible than this: "He came unto his own and his own received him not."

And this day reminds us that "He was taken from prison and from judgment;" that "He made his grave with the wicked, and with the rich in His death." We go with Him to the garden, to the judgment hall, mingle with the mocking crowd, see the crown of thorns and shrink from the dreadful scourge, as thirty and nine times it pierces the tender flesh. We feel something of his mental and physical suffering as he looks down from the cross on the multitude—who, having done their utmost to make his crucifixion most painful,—now gloat over their fiendish work, but above the roar of the mob and the painful throbbings of our own hearts, we hear the voice of our adorable Lord, saying, "Father forgive them for they know not what they do." Oh, infinite love! oh, forgiving grace, who shall fathom thy depths? or who shall dispair of receiving thy good offices?

In the dawning of this day our sorrows cease, and our joys really begin, for to-day the grave gives up its dead. "He is risen as He said, and become the first fruits of them that slept."

Oh how plain are all the prophesies now; how easily we understand the words of Christ and his apostles. How, as we see, the fulfillment of them, we do see that God has provided a better "thing" for us than had the long line of prophets and of faithful souls, of whom the world was not worthy. To-day we have passed the types and shadows and even the glimmerings of faith, like Martha; and, steadfastly looking into the face of our risen-living Savior, we confidently assert: "I know that whatsoever thou will ask of God, God will give it you," and that thou art the resurrection and the life, and he that believeth in Thee, though he were dead, yet shall he live again; and whosoever liveth and believeth in Thee shall never die.

Everybody is delighted with the nice selection of

Fall & Winter Millinery!

Miss Mattie Robley,

Main St., Mapleton Depot, Pa.

I have just received another large addition to my well-selected —stock of—

HATS, BONNETS, FEATHERS, BIRDS, RIBBONS,

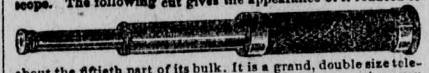
—AND—

OTHER TRIMMINGS.

I Will Positively not be Undersold!

One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. FREE

Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our superior goods we will send FREE to ONE PERSON in each locality, as above. Only those who write to us at once can make sure of the chance. All you have to do in return is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and those around you. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to



about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $5 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE

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Worth $100.00. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases. Both ladies and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one **free**, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples**. These samples, as well as the watch, are **free**. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $250 to $500 per week and upwards. Address, **Stinson & Co., Box 819, Portland, Maine.**

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Do not buy Floor, Table, or Stair Oil Cloth until you have examined our stock and prices—

5-4 Table Oil Cloth, best quality, per yard, 30c
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We lead in Wall Paper, Window Shades, and Carpets.

New stock of Hats and Caps.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

3 Cans Corn, 25c
3 " Choice Tomatoes, 25c
3 " Strawberries, 25c
3 " Blackberries, 25c

Try our Egg Custard Powder, 50c per can, with 6 dessert dishes.

New Line Prints, Calicoes, and Ginghams.

Just Received:

Fresh Ground Coffee, 25c
Choice Green Coffee, 25c

Large stock of Clothing next week. Prices never so low.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

Saltillo.

Easter Sunday dawned upon our town in gorgeous beauty; the robins hopped on the ground and twittered their songs of delight from the tree limbs, while the youngsters ran around with a goodly supply of Easter eggs, viewing with each other, and taking notes on the amount eaten. After this Sunday School was well attended and triumphant hymns were well rendered.

Mrs. Edward Findley, of Lewistown, together with her beautiful boy, Oris, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Cohill.

Miss Nellie Brown is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Sollers.

Mrs. N. Greenland, of Trough Creek, is visiting her relatives at this place. She is a remarkable old lady, being eighty-one years old and reads without glasses.

Wilson Everill, of Lewistown, was here last week and rented his farm to John Baith, of Smith Valley.

Rev. Smith moved to Dublin Mills April 1st.

A little four-year-old, who has eaten too many Easter eggs, says, "They just make one sick to think of them; I wish the hens were all dead."

Garden-making will be the order of the day next week, and if old Sol continues to peep in and penetrate the soil, all will be well—we will have good onions and early beets.

Newton Sollers expects to move his family to Altoona soon, as he is employed there at ninety dollars per month. The pretty house he built could be bought.

Mrs. K. M. Henderson expects to receive a well selected stock of choice millinery goods next week and would respectfully solicit the attention of friends and the public generally. All are invited to come and examine goods.

Henry Weaver leaves town to-morrow for the purpose of acting as "boss" in the lumber regions. Quite a number of bark-peelers leave at the same time.

Misses Mary Miller, Ida McClain, Amanda Shope and Ella Grove visited Cassville last Sunday a week, for the purpose of visiting Mrs. Ella Greene. They reported a pleasant time and almost made us wish we were young again.

Mrs. Newton Price expects to leave town next week for the purpose of joining her husband in the southern part of Kentucky.

Geo. Sleeman moved on April 1st to the residence recently purchased from Salomis Kimmel, by Mrs. Geo. Sleeman.

William Sollers expects to move to Broad Top in the near future.

Wm. Lightner, of Shirleysburg, has moved on the Rev. Strayer farm.

Milton Strayer, of Lewistown, was visible on our streets last week.

A little daughter has arrived at the residence of Boyer Senft, and they seem to be making preparations to entertain her indefinitely.

Richard Hudson moved on Church street April 1st, in the new house belonging to Adam Long. The widow of Robert McNeil occupies the house vacated by Mr. Hudson.

The old Harry is making preparations to leave town; they say he is wanted at Shirleysburg to make shoes for the "old boy and his imps."

The Patriotic Sons of America met at the school house on Saturday night, and from the effulgent rays of their shining lights I would imagine they desired more light, and had it, too, as the building seemed to present the appearance of a fine illumination inside. As there were several members compelled to take their first ride on the goat, the wardens secured the aid of triple lights to keep them from being killed by the wild animal.

There is to be built here in the very near future a substantial town hall with office and store rooms below and ample room above for concerts, entertainments and the accommodation of "ye mystic ties." The Patriotic Sons will have a home all to themselves then.

Calvin Greene, together with his eldest daughters, Misses Nora and Ida, will leave this place Monday morning. Mr. Greene will introduce his daughters to the Baptist Female College of Lewisburg, that famous school for girls. We regret to lose these pleasant girls from our midst, but our loss will be their gain.

Mrs. K. M. Henderson has donated a piece of ground on Main St., 28 feet front, 45 feet deep, for the purpose of building a Methodist Episcopal Church thereon. They say there is three or four hundred dollars in the treasury for this building, aad Rev. Leilich is capable of collecting a thousand more. We do hope this good work will be prosecuted with vigor, and when the cold chilly winds of November arrive the membership at this place will assemble under the shadow of their own vine and fig tree.

Master Willie Henderson is visiting his grand-parents at Cassville, and reports all well and times very pleasant.

BUSINESS IS BOOMING

at the

NEW STORE.

Standard Table Peaches, 2 cans,	25c
4 lbs. Rice,	25c
3 cans Tomatoes,	25c
4 " String Beans,	25c
3 " Corn,	25c
3 " Pie Peaches,	25c
Best Black Japan or Green Tea,	40c
Hand Lamps, complete,	20c

A full line of Queensware, consisting of Chamber Sets, sets Dishes, and Piece Goods.

FLOUR and FEED

as low as any of our competitors. We are selling best Roller Flour, this week, at $1.15.

Wood and Willow-ware,

Oil Cloths of all kinds and grades, at bottom figures.

Our stock of

CLOTHING

at cost.

Our store is the place to buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

We have the largest stock in town, and in order to move our surplus stock, we are offering, for the next 30 days, BOOTS AT COST. Come and examine our stock when you need Boots, and save 20 per cent.

All of our

WOOLEN GOODS

Has been reduced in price. Come and examine them and learn prices. Save money by buying from us.

We carry the most complete line of

BUTTONS

In town, and will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest.

You will find our store always stocked with the best goods the market can afford, and our prices in many instances, lower than our competitors.

WANTED.

CROSS TIES,

and all kinds of

Country Produce,

For which we will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Call and see us, whether you wish to buy or not. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully,

A. B. Gillam & Bro.,

Rex's Old Stand,

Mapleton Depot, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Penn'a, Apr. 9, 1890.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Volume II, No. I.

—The borough schools close this week.

—Rev. W. Cramer will preach in the U. B. church next Sunday evening.

—Rev. C. L. Benscoter will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

—Joseph P. McKelvey, of Orbisonia, was last week granted an increase of pension.

—J. W. Baker and son, Albert, spent a few days recently with friends in Fulton county.

—Mrs. Maggie Hall returned home last week week from a month's visit to Centre county.

—J. A. Toomey has the excavating for his new house on Ridge street about completed.

—W. H. Dunn, who is working at Johnstown, spent a portion of this week with his family in this place.

—Wilson Drake lost a gold P. O. S. of A. badge last Saturday evening. He offers a reasonable reward for its return.

—Mrs. M. E. Evans is now opening a large assortment of Spring millinery and other spring goods. Go and see them.

— D. H. Wallet and wife, who had been visiting friends at their former home in Perry county, returned home last week.

—D. K. Coder has broken ground for a new dwelling house on the lot which he recently purchased from Mrs. A. M. Fisher.

—A. L. McHugh has moved his confectionery and restaurant to W. H. Spangler's room, adjoining B. O'Connor & Sons' store.

—Miles, Brown of Brownsville, was visiting his sister Mrs. George Godard, of this place, and his many friends in Huntingdon, recently.

—Mrs. Fannie Gosnell of Fulton county was visiting her mother Mrs. George Godard, in this place, and friends in Huntingdon last week.

—A. B. C. Dell has commenced the manufacture of his celebrated ice cream. His parlors were well patronized last Friday and Saturday evening.

—James Palmer, of Blair county, accompanied by Capt. *W.* H. Henry, of Hill Valley, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. W. Swope, last Thursday.

—Miss Lillie, McNeil of Shirleysburg, after spending a few days with her aunt Mrs. George Godard returned to her mother in Smith Valley last week.

—The Presbytery of Huntingdon convened at Lewistown yesterday. A report of the proceedings will be published in these columns next week.

—Koller & Abel opened up their new store in M. L. Rex's room yesterday morning. Mr. Koller starts for Philadelphia to-day to buy additional stock.

—J. T. Himes and W. C. Sorrick took advantage of the low rate excursion to Washington last week. They returned home on Saurday, much pleased with their trip.

—Mrs. Ellen Barkley, of Orbisonia, was the guest of M. L. Rex's family last Friday and Saturday. She was on her way to visit friends at Martinsburg, Blair county, her former home.

—Esther, a little daughter of H. *W.* McDonald, had her right eye badly burned by splashing lye into it last Thursday. She has suffered terribly with it but the attending physician thinks the sight may not be injured.

—The annual examination for permanent certificates will be held in the high school room, Huntingdon, Saturday, April 26th, commencing at 8.30 o'clock. So far as known five teachers of the county will present themselves for examination.

—Next Saturday, the supervisors of Brady township will let at public outcry to the lowest bidder the making of the road from Bridgeport to Mount Union bridge. The letting will take place on the ground, the first portion, from Bridgeport to the lock, near E. Robley's at 10 o'clock; immediately after the second portion, in the vicinity of Jone's Rock, to be followed by letting the portion from the Mount Union bridge to the old turnpike. Specifications may be seen by calling on H. H. Swope.

—The trustees of the U. B. church last week received a deed from C. P. Dull, of McVeytown, for the lot on Grant street, opposite the reservoir. Consideration $300. The lot has been purchased as a site for the new Brethren church, by the ladies aid society and presented to the trustees.

—D. E. McClain, of Saltillo, keeps constantly on hand a large line of heavy and shelf hardware, paints, oils, agricultural implements, carpets, oil-cloths, furniture, wall paper and all kinds of house-furnishings. Builders will find it to their advantage to get estimates from him.

—The festival held by the ladies' aid society of the U. B. church Friday and Saturday evenings of last week was a success, netting the society over $40. The spider web quilt which was described in the ITEM last week, netted the society $22, the successful bidder being L. M. Speer, Mr. Speer. generously placed the quilt at the disposal of the society and at the next festival it will again be put up.

—A two-year-old child of Albert Hagans met with a sad accident last Friday. Mrs. Hagans was working with some jelly aud had set a jar of it, which wsa very hot on the table where she supposed it was out of the child'sr each. It however creeped to the table, reached up and pulled the jar over, emptying the hot contents right in its face. It was horribly burned but its condition is so improved as to place it out of danger.

—Quite a number of the young people of Mapleton attended the spelling at Lincoln school house in Hare's Valley, Monday evening. After the spelling exercises the large audience was favored with a couple of addresses, one by J. A. Lucas on Home Rule and the other by J. O. Smith on Heroes. Miss Hooper has given excellent satisfaction as a teacher, the school term which closed on Monday having been very successful.

—The officers of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, I. O. O. F., for the current term were installed by D. D. G. M., Hugh Galbraith, of Orbisonia, Wednesday evening, April 2d. They are as follows: N. G., W. H. Mounts; V. G., L. D. Himes; Secretary, I. N. Swope; As. Secretary, T. M. Logan; Treasurer, H. H. Swope; W., J. M. Miller; C., J. A. Broombaugh; R. S., J. K. Gillam; L. S., B. F. Godard; O. G., M. L. Rex; I. G., George Hall; R. S. S., W. H. Marlin; L. S. S., Albert White; Chaplain, W. E. Bitner; R. S. V. G., W. S. Shore; L. S. V. G., W. C. Barkley. There was a fair attendance at the installation services, and the remarks of the D. D. G. M. were listened to with marked attention.

Keep in the Cupboard.

Now that "La Grippe" or Influenza, is so prevalent, it is well to keep a bottle of Downs' Elixer in the medicine cupboard, ready for immediate use. It is very efficacious in warding off the disease, and will afford immediate relief when the disease makes its appearance, besides very materially shortening the time which it will naturally run. This used in connection with Arnica Oil Liniment rubbed on the chest, will greatly mitigate the unpleasant features of the ailment. For sale by A. B. Gillam & Bro.

Assignment of J. H. Kendig.

The following Lancaster dispatch appeared in the Philadelphia *Inquirer* last Friday.

The failures of three supposed wealthy farmers of Lancaster county were announced, as follows: Benjamin L. Gamber, of Manor township; liabilities, $32,000; assets, $37,000. Jacob H. Hostetter, of Manor; liabilities, $42,500; assets, $27,520, Daniel E. Peifer, of East Hempfield; liabilities, $13,564; assets about the same.

The Mr. Hostetter mentioned in the above dispatch is the partner of J, H. Kendig, in the manufacture of keg-heads, their establishment being located here. In consequence of Mr. Hosteter's unexpected failure, Mr. Kendig last Saturday made an assignment, appointing as his assignees, M. L. Rex, of Mapleton, and P. K. Brandt, cashier of the People's bank, Newport, Pa.

Mr. Kendig's liabilities are placed at about $8,000 and his assets at $18,000 to $20,000. The assignees have no doubt of their ability to pay the debts within the two years allowed them and there seems no reason why they should not. Mr. Kendig says he wil be satisfied with nothing less than 100 cents on the dollar.

Smith Valley.

One day last week, Mr. Geo. D. and his brother Michael Lynn went to Saltillo in a buggy, and, having arrived, they hitched their horse and went into a store. While in the store a train came along and frightened their horse so as to cause it to tear loose and runaway. In so doing, their buggy was completely demolished.

Jno. Baith, who has been farming for his mother-in-law, Mrs. Crotsley, has rented the limestone farm belonging to Mr. Averill, of Hare's Valley, and removed thereto. Mr Baith is an energetic farmer and a good tenant, and one to be desired by any one who has a property to rent.

Jeremiah Nead, a highly respected citizen of our valley, is seriously afflicted with bone erysipelas in his right foot. Mr. Nead is one of our aged citizens and a man beloved by all who are acquainted with him and we hope he may enjoy a speedy recovery.

Milton Wright is again able to be out after an experience of five weeks nursing a crippled foot.

Miss Lillie McNeil is visiting her mother and grand parents of our valley.

We hear that W. S. Baty, of Mifflin county, is coming to his mother's farm this spring. Having been raised in our valley, we know Scott to be a good citizens and are happy to welcome him back to his old home.

The Cass Township and Cassville correspondents seem to have considerable discussions on the roads, and we would not wish to ridicule or mar the feelings of either, but we do say that, unless the supervisors receive more tax, it is impossible to keep the roads in a good condition while so many sawmills are in the country, to keep heavy teams on them, and to lay a heavier tax would be almost slavery to the farmers; and we presume that the bad roads are not all in the country, since we heard a man say one day last week that his wagon cut in six inches in the Cassville roads.

The Latta Grove school closed on last Wednesday, and, we are happy to say that L. R. Smith, who was teacher, has done excellent work at his home school, and, we believe that time will prove the success of such studious intellectual training as Mr. Smith has given his school. Mr. Smith is a man of natural ability, which combined with a good moral character and enthusiasm, tends to make a successful pedagogue.

The Washington school has closed, and as Mr. Jno. Drake has been teaching in our county for twenty-six years it is not worth while for us to say much about his success, as the result of teaching has proved this better than pen can express. Go on, comrade; we hope you may spend the remainder of your days in your excellent calling, and build monuments of character that will stand in ages to come and through eternity.

G. W. Dell and his cat Bobbie caught four snakes in one place one day last week. George said it wasn't a good day for snakes or he would have taken his cat to the fields in quest of more- We have heard of cats catching rats, mice, squirrels, and birds, but this is the first time we ever heard of a cat catching snakes. Hurrah for the cat that will destroy the venomous reptiles!

The Grangers are forming a lodge in our township, and they declare they will stop the monopoly of keeping high priced goods when just as good can be purchased for 75per cent. of the money they have to pay to general dealers. So much for the wise citizens of Union and Cass townships.

We are informed that while one of our pedagogues was going through an anatomical operation by dissscting and explaining the structure of the eye, one of his scholars fainted and several grew quite sick over the wondrous sight. We are in favor of teaching physiology in this way, but would advise students, who can't stand such operations as that, to take a bottle of camphor along O. N., how is it?

SATURDAY, April 19th—*W*alter M. Park will sell at his residence on the J. L. Numer farm, one and one-half miles north of Mapleton, 4 horses, 2 colts, 3 cows, 3 young cattle, 2 calves, brood sow, 2 shotes, plows, harrows, 2-horse spring wagon, 1-horse spring wagon, grindstone, harness, ten-plate stove, etc. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

Where Do You Live?

Following is a list of the removals in town so far as we have been able to gather them:

RAIL ROAD STREET.

Koller and Abel from Shade Gap to E. E. Bell's house.

A. Wagoner to the property which he purchased from M. A. Fields.

Richard *W*renner to one of B. O'Connor & Son's houses.

MAIN STREET.

Oliver Chilcote to Barkley property.

J. G. Spangler to property which he purchased from Adam Crouse.

A. B. Gillam from Tyrone to A. B. C. Dell's house.

George Hammond to upper story of E. Robley's smith shop.

Philip McLaughlin to M. Yocum's house and store room.

W. M. Parker to one of F. E. Weaver's houses.

E. R. Estep to one of F. E. Weaver's houses.

J. G. Gillam to dwelling over his store room.

GRANT STREET.

W. C. Sorrick and G. D. Wood to W. H. Rex's double house.

Wesley Kean from Hare's Valley to Mrs. Long's house.

J. E. Dysart to Mrs. Nancy Kinkead's house.

Wm. Love from near Shade Gap to Marshal Yocum's house.

J. B. Henderson to one of W. H. Rex's houses.

E. E. McCarl to R. N. McCarl's house.

CHESTNUT STREET.

Mrs. C. Wilson from Spruce Creek to her own house.

G. W. Wright and D. B. Smith to G. W. Yocum's double house.

B. F. White from Union township to one of G. W. Yocum's houses.

J. A. Toomy in with S. L. Henderson.

SHERIDAN STREET.

A. L. Morgan to J. C. Estep's house.

W. C. Barclay to one of F. E. *W*eaver's houses.

David Hutchinson to R. J. McCurdy's house.

CALLOWHILL STREET.

John McCoy to S. P. Pheasant's house.

J. A. Patterson to G. *W*. *W*right's house.

GLENDOWER ROAD.

*W*m. Brininger from Lewistown to E. Robley's house.

RESERVOIR STREET.

Samuel Spangler to his own residence.

OTHER REMOVALS.

H. D. Chilcote from Hare's Valley to property purchased by him from —— Norris.

George Craig from Union township to Huntingdon.

J. C. Dell to his mother's farm in Hare's Valley.

Charles Long to one of the houses on the Fields farm.

L. S. *W*ible to Huntingdon.

Edward Snook to one of John Banks' houses.

—— Flybarger to Mount Union.

—Mrs. E. E. Bell visited friends in Perry county during the past week.

—Miss Nettie Madden, of Springfield township, who is teaching in Huntingdon, spent Sunday in Mapleton, the guest of her aunt Mrs. David Shore.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bolinger, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday in *M*apleton, the guests of *M*rs. Bolinger's father, S. S. Taylor.

HATS, BONNETS, CAPS,

Mrs. M. E. EVANS,

Now has the largest line of Fall and Winter Millinery, Dry Goods, Notions, and Furnishing Goods for Ladies, ever opened out in Mapleton.

Trimmings, Flowers, Birds, Wing Feathers, Tips, Aigrets, Ornaments, Velvets, Cords, etc., etc., etc.

Dry Goods and Fancy Goods of so many kinds I can't itemize them. Come and examine them.

Mrs. M. E. Evans,

MARKET STREET, - MAPLETON DEPOT, P.

J. G. Gillam.

We have bought a big stock of Dry Goods, and, if you want a web of muslin or anything else in the Dry Goods line, you can get it from us. Ask what we will sell you muslin for by the web.

We claim to have the largest and best stock of shoes in Mapleton, and we are able to substantiate the statement. We invite you to examine the stock and see the newest styles and learn prices.

We are still selling Roller Flour at $1.00 per sack, and all other goods proportionately low. We are always prepared to meet competition.

RAILROAD TIES.

We have made arrangements to handle Red, Black, and Pin Oak Ties, and will pay for such of these as pass inspection, if delivered before July 1st, 35 cents. Specifications: 7 inches face, 7 inches thick, and 8½ feet long. We also pay railroad price for Rock and White Oak Ties. Bring us your ties.

We have opened up our stock of Straw Goods. It is, perhaps, a little cool yet for straw hats, but spring-time is here, and we are prepared to meet the season. If you want a neat stylish Hat, you can get it at our store.

Our New Goods are still coming; our shelves are filled with an assortment not surpassed elsewhere. We can give you no idea of our stock and prices, but will take pleasure in showing you the New Goods.

Respectfully,
J. G. GILLAM.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

THROUGHOUT Northern New York and Vermont the snow was deeper than at any time during the winter. In some places it was eighteen inches in depth.

CONGRESSMAN DAVID WILBER, of New York, died at his home in Oneonta, N. Y.

STEPHEN BURROWS was killed and Peter Riley seriously injured at an explosion in the metalic cap works at Huntington Valley, Penn.

EX-JUDGE DOWNS EDMUNDS died at Cape May, N. J., aged seventy-seven. He was for many years a member of the New Jersey Senate.

BY an explosion in a coal mine at Nanticoke, Penn., three men were killed and six hurt.

F. R. TOWNSEND & Co., dry goods commission merchants of New York city, have failed with liabilities estimated at $225,000.

AT Duryea, Penn., during a quarrel between John Pryor and John Butz, a shot was fired which struck Hugh Graham, killing him instantly.

JAMES MCGUIRE, a veteran State official of New Jersey, died in Trenton. He was the father of nineteen children, and was health officer of Trenton at the time of his death.

A FARMER near Egg Harbor City, N. J., burned his house and died in the flames. He was crazed by the foreclosure and sale of his property.

FIRE has destroyed the homestead built by Horace Greeley at Chappaqua, N. Y., forty years ago, and occupied by him until his death, in 1872, at the close of his unsuccessful campaign for the Presidency.

THE returns from the election in Rhode Island showed that the choice of State officers would be left to the Grand Committee of the Legislature.

THE New York Chamber of Commerce passed resolutions condemning the Chinese exclusion legislation as a violation of the Chinese treaty of 1880.

EDWARD SYLVESTER, Charles Mason, and Harry Williams, three noted counterfeiters, have been arrested in Buffalo, N. Y. They had a number of counterfeit dollars in their possession.

South and West.

GRANT ADSIL, his wife, a two-year-old child, and a young daughter of Elmore Thomas attempted to cross Sugar Creek Ford four miles from Milford, Ill., and all but Mrs. Adsil were drowned.

STANLEY WILCOX, of Carroll, Ill., was fatally shot by his wife. Nothing is known of the cause of the crime.

MARYLAND'S special legislative committee reported to Governor Jackson that there is sufficient proof that Treasurer Archer is a defaulter. They decided to leave the case to the Governor for his action.

J. H. CADDALL, Pulaski County (Va.) Treasurer and President of the Pulaski National Bank, was murdered and robbed while on the road between Dublin and his home.

GEORGE W. PECK, the humorist, author of the "Bad Boy" articles, has been elected Mayor of Milwaukee, Wis., on the Democratic ticket. The same party was successful in the Chicago municipal election.

WHILE six boys of B. H. Baskervill and K. P. Wommack, ranging in age from eleven to nineteen years, were playing in a sand cave near Vernon, Texas, the bank caved in on them and all were killed.

THE United States Express Company lost a package containing $10,000 while it was being conveyed from their Chicago office to the National Bank of Illinois, in the same city.

A WHITE man named Redd was flogged by citizens of Williston, S. C., for abusing his family and refusing to provide for them.

A MAN went into a saloon in Denver, Col., and shot himself dead. The body was afterward identified as that of Count Schimmerman von Hartman, of Hamburg, Germany.

A BOILER exploded in the stave mill of J. K. Hussing, at Hustonville, Ind., killing the proprietor and one of his workmen. Nine others were wounded, three fatally.

WILL HICKS and Robert McCoy, both colored, were hanged at Homerville, Ga., for the murder of William Hughes and wife, an aged white couple, on November 6 last.

THE arrest of the murderers of the railroad station agent at Poseyville, Ind., led to revelations that a gang of murderers contemplated the destruction of the town by fire and the murder of several of its inhabitants.

THE house of Wilhelm Brown, near Huron, South Dakota, was burned, and his three children perished in the flames.

ONE of the worst storms that ever visited Dallas, Texas, raged in that neighborhood. All the water courses were over their banks, and many bridges were swept away. The crops were badly damaged.

Washington.

SECRETARY NOBLE has issued an order that chiefs of bureaus and officers in the Interior Department must obtain leave on written application before absenting themselves from Washington.

PRESIDENT AND MRS. HARRISON gave a dinner to Minister and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER held a long conference with postmasters from the largest cities in the country.

THE Senate Committee on Claims has made a favorable report on the bill to pay the assignees of John Roach $60,000 for labor and material furnished on the men-of-war Roanoke and Puritan.

ORDERS have been sent to the Commandant of the New York Navy Yard to put the United States ship Enterprise out of commission as soon as possible. All her officers will be detached and her crew discharged.

THE President has approved the act to amend the act providing for taking the eleventh and subsequent censuses.

THE House Judiciary Committee appointed a sub-committee to investigate alleged corrupt acts of Federal Court officers in the South.

Foreign.

A MAN who had been convicted of the murder of eight women has just been hanged in Szegedin, Hungary.

THE peasants are rising in Riazan, Russia, and blood has been shed. The agitation is spreading to Finland and Poland, and gendarmes and Cossacks have been sent to quell the disorder. The excitement is intense.

DURING the races at Fowey, England, the grand stand collapsed. More than 200 persons were thrown to the ground, and many were injured, some fatally.

THE Cosihuiriachic Reduction Works, about fifteen miles southwest of Chihuahua, Mexico, owned by a New York company, have been totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $2,000,000.

A PRELIMINARY sitting of the International Industrial Conference was held at Madrid, Spain. Senor Moret was elected President.

THE State Treasurer of the Canton of Ticino, Switzerland, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling 1,000,000 francs.

A FIRE at Santiago de Cuba, in the building occupied by the Chamber of Commerce, resulted in the destruction of a dry goods store and its contents, and the burning to death of two white women and a colored girl.

A SLAVE dhow has been captured on the African coast by the British warship Sultan.

JAMES LEE, Charge d'Affaires of the United States in Brazil, has presented General Deodoro da Fonseca, the President, with the congratulatory motion adopted by the United States Congress and approved by President Harrison.

AFTER a chase of two years Detective Pinkerton has arrested in Spanish Honduras Edmund Sturgis Crawford, who stole a package of $41,000 in bills sent by the American Exchange Bank, of New York city, to the Adams Express Company. Crawford confessed and implicated others.

A REVOLUTION has broken out near Ignala, in the State of Guerrero, Mexico, the Government of which is unpopular.

THE British expedition recently sent out against the Somalis, East Africa, having failed to accomplish its mission, another expedition has been started.

THE rat plague in Lincolnshire, England, continues in spite of the enormous destruction of the animals by the farmers in the past few months. One farmer, who scatters poisoned barley about his yard every night, gathered in one day a crop of 1300 rats. Three hundred rats were killed from one stack of grain in another place.

FIGHT FOR DIAMONDS.

A Thief Entices a Jeweler Into His Room for Purpose of Robbery.

An exciting hand-to-hand encounter for $1500 worth of diamonds occurred in a room at the Palmer House, Chicago. One of the combatants was a young man who registered at the hotel under the name of Ralph Allen. That noon he sent to Hyman's jeweiry store, and several other similar establishments, asking that diamonds be sent to him for inspection.

In making the request, he wrote, incidentally, that he was confined to the hotel with a sprained ankle. Salesman W. A. Bigler was sent by Hyman & Co. to make inquiries concerning Allen, and found him bathing one ankle with arnica, and wanting the diamonds to make a present. The salesman was suspicious, but decided to return with an assortment of gems, and take the precaution to have a hotel porter, named Perret, stationed near at hand.

When Bigler re-entered the apartment with the $1500 assortment of diamonds Allen made a careful selection, and then bobbed around back of the salesman ostensibly to get money to pay for the purchase. Instead the fellow pulled a heavy cane from under a mattress and felled Bigler to the floor. The salesman, a sturdy six-footer, struggled to his feet and grappled with Allen, meanwhile yelling to the porter. Before the latter individual could collect his wits Allen had broken the cane in four pieces over Bigler's head and dashed down the hallway. To persons who attempted to stop him he shouted, "Catch that insane man," pointing back as he ran.

Timekeeper Gregg, of the hotel staff, was the only person not fooled by this cry. Gregg overhauled Allen in a room into which he had dodged and taken refuge under a bed.

Allen's papers indicate that he came from Washington, and his right name is said to be George B. Pierce. The salesman had a number of scalp wounds. None of the diamonds were lost.

EX-BOOMER COUCH SHOT.

He Was the First Mayor of Oklahoma City.

Captain W. L. Couch, ex-Mayor of Oklahoma City and the renowned leader of the Oklahoma boomers for years, is contestant for a valuable claim west of Oklahoma City on which J. C. Adams had filed. The other afternoon Couch and his son began setting fence posts on the claim, when Adams appeared and ordered them to cease. A quarrel ensued, when Couch seized Adams, disarmed him and began using his revolver on him. Couch was a poor shot and Adams was unharmed. Adams went to his house, secured his Winchester and shot Couch in the left leg, breaking both bones and probably necessitating amputation. Adams at once swore out a warrant before United States Commissioner Scott for the arrest of Couch and his son. The Couches went to Commissioner Monroe and swore out a warrant for Adams for attempted murder. All were arrested and put under bonds.

THE MARKETS.

14

NEW YORK.			
Beeves	4 00	@	5 00
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 80	@	4 00
Sheep	5 00	@	6 50
Lambs	4 00	@	7 55
Hogs—Live	4 25	@	4 65
Dressed		4¾@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 25	@	4 45
Patents	4 75	@	5 15
Wheat—No. 2 Red		88¼@	88½
Rye—State		57 @	58
Barley—Two-rowed State		45 @	47
Corn—Ungraded Mixed		33 @	39
Oats—No. 1 White		— @	33
Mixed Western		27 @	31½
Hay—No. 1		80 @	85
Straw—Long Rye		75 @	85
Lard—City Steam		— @	6 00c
Butter—State Creamery		13 @	19
Dairy, fair to good		15 @	19
West. Im. Creamery		10 @	19
Factory		7 @	18
Cheese—State Factory		8½@	11¼
Skims—Light		2 @	9
Western		8 @	10¼
Eggs—State and Penn		14¾@	15

BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 15	@	4 80
Sheep—Medium to Good	5 90	@	6 10
Lambs—Fair to Good	6 75	@	7 20
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 40	@	4 50
Flour—Family	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern		88½@	88⅞
Corn—No. 3, Yellow		— @	35½
Oats—No. 2, White		28¾@	29
Barley—No. 1 Canada		64 @	65

BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 00	@	5 50
Corn—Steamer Yellow		40 @	42¾
Oats—No. 2 White		32 @	35
Rye—State		58 @	60

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight		4 @	6¾
Sheep—Live weight		4½@	5⅞
Lambs		6¼@	7
Hogs—Northern		— @	5¼

PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	3 30	@	3 50
Wheat—No. 2, Red, April		82¾@	83
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, April		36 @	36¼
Oats—Ungraded White		— @	30½
Potatoes—Rose		65 @	75
Butter—Creamery Extra		— @	25
Cheese—Part skims		7 @	8½

LATER NEWS.

THE first Connecticut River shad reported has been caught at Windsor, forty miles above the mouth of the river.

THE passenger station and freight depot at Roxbury, N. J., have been burned.

ANTRIM OSBORNE, a retired and well known manufacturer of Rose Valley, Penn., was run over by a locomotive and killed.

EX-STATE SENATOR EDWARD J. SLATTERY, of South Framingham, Mass., received a letter from the "White Caps of Massachusetts" ordering him to leave the State forthwith or suffer the consequences.

A LIVELY contest occurred among the stockholders of the World's Fair in Chicago over the election of directors.

A WHIRLWIND struck Monmouth, Ill., sweeping over the principal portion of the city. Part of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy round-house was blown down. Several buildings were damaged and their roofs blown away.

PROFESSOR CYRUS, Principal of the schools in Huntingdon, W. Va., was about to punish a boy named Ernest Welsh for misbehavior, when Welsh drew a knife and stabbed Cyrus in six places in the arms, chest and back.

A HUNDRED Northern born citizens met at the Chamber of Commerce in Atlanta, Ga., and took preliminary steps toward the organization of a Northern society.

GOVERNMENT boats have been busily engaged in taking the people and stock from the overflowed districts of the Mississippi. Another break was reported in the levee near Greenville. This time it was at Catfish Point, and the water added greatly to that already in the Yazoo Delta. Railroad travel was much impeded.

THE House Judiciary Committee has voted to report an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators directly by the people.

THE House Committee on Naval Affairs has directed a favorable report on the McAdoo bill to prevent the enlistment of aliens in the navy.

THE Treasury Department has sustained the appeal of John Wanamaker from the decision of the Collector of Customs at Philadelphia, assessing duty at the rates of forty-five and fifty per cent. ad valorem on certain so-called bead ornaments.

NEGOTIATIONS looking to the withdrawal of British troops from Egypt have begun between England and Turkey.

THE Emperor of China, accompanied by Li Hung Chang, the Chinese Grand Chancellor, and a retinue numbering 10,000 persons, has started on a visit to the Eastern Mausolea.

TWELVE election officers of Jersey City, N. J., were arrested for connection with the ballot box frauds, and warrants were issued for forty-eight more.

THE Dittmar dynamite works at Baychester, N. Y., blew up, killing J. H. Kelmeir and Max Shultz, and shattering window panes for miles around.

ENGINEER POTTER and three other trainmen were buried in a landslide on the tracks of the West Shore Railroad at Diefendorf Hill, N. Y., and all were instantly killed.

THE rolling mill of the Johnson Forge Company and two dwellings adjoining were destroyed by fire at Wilmington, Del. The loss was estimated at $400,000.

THE Sioux held their last council on the old reservation in South Dakota.

GEORGE E. NOONAN and wife, of Chicago, Ill., have died from the effects of poison, placed in their food by a demented servant girl.

EAGLE HORSE, a crazy Indian, shot and killed at Rushville, Neb., Frank E. Lewis, a Government school teacher, and then committed suicide.

THREE colored thieves were killed in Birmingham, Ala., for resisting arrest and fatally shooting an officer.

THE town marshal of Irondale, Ala., was shot by three colored thieves whom he tried to arrest; the colored men were killed by his deputy.

THE Senate has confirmed the following nominations: G. B. Patterson, Attorney for the Southern District of Florida; Clarence D. Clark, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Wyoming; John C. Mitchell, Pension Agent at Columbus, Ohio; Edward H. Harvey, Pension Agent at Detroit; Charles S. Kelsey, Indian Agent at Green Bay Agency.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has nominated Brigadier-General Nelson A. Miles to be Major-General. Colonel Benjamin H. Grierson, Tenth Cavalry, was also nominated to be Brigadier-General.

THE nomination of General Lewis A. Grant, of Minneapolis, Minn., to be Assistant Secretary of War, was sent to the Senate by President Harrison.

GENERAL CHINCHILLA, the new Captain-General of Cuba, has arrived in Havana.

THE French Government has ordered the construction of thirty torpedo boats in private yards.

MAJOR SERPA PINTO, the Portuguese African explorer, has started for Lisbon.

THE American Consul at Plauen, Germany, has been robbed in a hotel of jewels valued at $5000.

THE rat plague in Lincolnshire, England, continues in spite of the enormous destruction of the animals by the farmers in the past few months. One farmer, who scatters poisoned barley about his yard every night, gathered in one day a crop of 1300 rats. Three hundred rats were killed from one stack of grain in another place.

THE increase in the population of the United States since 1880 has been a little more than three per cent. per annum.

Blood-Brotherhood.

Writing about the Bangala cannibals of the Upper Congo, Africa, Herbert Ward says in the *Ledger:*

Among my first experiences after taking command of the station was that of submitting myself to the ceremony of blood-brotherhood with Mata Bwiki; a form of cementing friendship and a guarantee of good faith, popular with all Upper Congo tribes.

In the presence of hundreds of the savages owning the sway of Mata Bwiki, we were seated upon the low wooden stools placed opposite each other. Silence being commanded by the beating of the big redwood drums, which gave forth a hollow sound that can be heard for miles, a charm-doctor appeared, arrayed in all his mystic apparel. An incision was made in both our right arms, in the outer muscular swelling just below the elbow, and as the blood flowed in a tiny stream, the charm-doctor sprinkled powdered chalk and potash on the wounds, delivering the while, in rapid tones, an appeal to us to maintain unbroken the sanctity of the contract; and then our arms being rubbed together, so that the flowing blood intermingled, we were declared to be brothers of one blood, whose interests henceforth should be united as our blood now was. The witnesses of this strange ceremony expressed their agreement with the utterances of the charm-doctor, and gave way to boisterous expressions of approval of what had been done already, ere setting to work to drink the huge earthenware jars of fermented juice of the sugar-cane, known as "masanga," which had previously been prepared to celebrate the event.

Six Cents Damages.

"Six cents damages" is one of the verdicts most frequently rendered and least frequently paid. The only use of such a verdict is to force the person against whom it is rendered to pay the costs of the suit. Barring the costs, it amounts to a dismissal of the suit. Occasionally defendants against whom such a verdict is rendered, will, in fine sarcasm, make an ostentatious payment of the sum to the injured plaintiff, but usually no attention is paid to the judgment by either defendant or plaintiff. Possibly a verdict of this sort, left lying loose for a century or two, might be discovered by the plaintiff's heirs and figured up with interest to a sum large enough to pay the fees involved in enforcing its collection. This is not likely, however, and such judgments, left unsatisfied, are not considered liens on real estate, nor has the attempt ever been made to collect such a judgment by seizing the body of the debtor.

It is not always the case nowadays that a six-cent verdict carries the costs with it. In New Jersey, for instance, in libel and slander cases, if the verdict is less than $50, it carries with it costs only to the amount of the verdict, and a man who recovers a verdict for six cents in such a suit has to pay himself all the costs of the suit except six cents. The costs may amount to several hundred dollars, so the satisfaction involved in the verdict is rather expensive.—*New York Sun.*

Cost of a Head of Hair.

A fine head of virgin gold colored hair will bring from $200 to $500, according to its length and luxuriance, and to those who have it and are anxious to convert it into hard cash, it may be pleasing to hear that there are orders in advance for all that can be produced of this description for the next five years.—*Chatter.*

According to information gathered at Pekin, the Emperor of China in his early childhood had more than 400 attendants, among whom figued 80 nurses, 25 fan-bearers, 25 palanquin-bearers, 10 umbrella-holders, 30 physicians and surgeons, 7 cooks and 23 scullions, 50 servants and messengers, 50 dressers, 75 astrologers, 16 tutors and 60 priests.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WOMEN'S societies in this country and in Europe support 5431 missionaries.

The Only Guaranteed Cure

For all blood taints and humors, pimples, blotches, eruptions and skin diseases of every name and nature, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. A certificate of guarantee from a responsible business house warrants it to benefit or cure, or money refunded.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh positively cured by Dr. Sage's Remedy. 50 cents, by druggists.

QUEEN VICTORIA receives on an average nearly 400 letters a day.

Six Novels Free, sent by Cragin & Co., Phila., Pa., to any one in U. S. or Canada, post paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins's Electrical Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. This soap for sale by all grocers.

A URANIUM mine—the only one in the world—has been found in Cornwell, England.

The Ladies Delighted.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

A pocket mirror free to smokers of Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

Watch for "Murray" Buggy adv. next week.

Now is the Time

To purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. At no other season is the bitter taste in the mouth more prominent, the breath so offensive, the drowsy dizziness so frequent, or that extreme tired feeling so prevalent. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to build up the system, purify the blood, cure biliousness and headache, overcome that tired feeling and create a good appetite. The peculiar medicinal merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is shown by the many remarkable cures it accomplishes where others fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"For a first-class Spring medicine my wife and I think very highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla. We both took it last spring. It did us a great deal of good and we felt better through the hot weather than ever before. It cured my wife of sick headache, from which she has suffered a great deal, and relieved me of a dizzy, tired feeling. I think every one ought to take something to purify the blood before the hot weather comes on."—J. H. PEARCE, Supt. Granite Ry. Co., Concord, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates scrofula and all humors, cures salt rheum, boils, pimples, etc. The severest cases of blood poisoning have yielded to its superior curative power.

"This is to certify that I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla in my family for some time past and have found it to be a good blood purifier. It has been of great benefit as recommended and I have no hesitation in recommending it to all who are in want of any medicine of the kind."—ROBERT A. SMITH, Justice of the Peace, Honesdale, Pa.

The Spring Medicine

"I wish to enroll my name as one of those who have derived health from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For many years I have taken it, especially in the early spring, when I am troubled with dizziness, dullness, unpleasant taste in my mouth in the morning. It removes this bad taste, relieves my headache and makes me feel greatly refreshed. The two bottles I have used this spring have been worth a dollar a dose."—JOHN BINNS, 663 43d Street, Town of Lake, Chicago, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

$75 TO **$250** A MONTH can be made working for us. Persons preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1009 Main St., Richmond, Va.

MONEY LOANED. MONEY SAVED. Wanted Agents everywhere to represent The Capital Savings and Loan Society. Provident Bldg., Phila.

OPIUM HABIT. Only Certain and easy CURE in the World. Dr. J. L. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O

AFTER ALL OTHERS FAIL

CONSULT **DR. LOBB, 329 North Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.** Twenty years' experience in special diseases; cures the worst cases of Nervous Complaints, Blood Poisoning, Blotches, Eruptions, Piles, Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores, Impaired Memory Despondency, Dimness of Vision, Lung, Liver Stomach, Kidney (Bright's Disease); confidential. ☞ Call or write for question list and book.

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. Ohio.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Trade [illegible] $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Safe and always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for *Diamond Brand*, in red, metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return mail. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chem'l Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

PATENTS No Patent, No Pay! Book free. N. W. Fitzgerald & Co., Wash., D. C.

PENSIONS If you want your pension without delay, put your claim in the hands of JOSEPH H. HUNTER, ATTORNEY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

72D DAY.—The Senate met, as will be the rule until otherwise ordered, at 11 o'clock.... Mr. Reagan addressed the Senate on the bill for the issue of Treasury notes on the deposit of silver bullion....The Dependent Pension bill was passed—14 to 12.

73D DAY.—The nominations of Judge Swayne and United States Attorney Stripling, of the Northern District of Florida, were disposed of after an executive session of five and a half hours. They were confirmed.... Mr. Stewart introduced a bill regulating the manufacture and sale of adulterated beer, and Mr. Chandler a bill to make a public park on Bedlow's Island, N. Y....The House bill authorizing the Mississippi River Commission to purchase or hire such boats as may be immediately necessary to rescue inhabitants of the overflowed districts and to use boats for that purpose was passed....Among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following: Senate bill to prevent the summary cancelation of pension certificates and providing for a hearing in cases relating thereto; Senate bill giving a pension of $100 a month to the widow of General John F. Hartranft; Senate bill directing the Secretary of Agriculture to cause to be made all the necessary field examinations, surveys and experiments with reference to irrigation by the overflow waters between 97 degrees west longitude and the foothills of the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains.

74TH DAY.—A new Anti-Trust bill was introduced by Mr. Edmunds from the Senate Judiciary Committee....The Montana contest was taken up, Messrs. Hoar and Gray presenting the majority and minority reports respectively....John R. Mizell was confirmed as United States Marshal for Florida.

75TH DAY.—The House amendments to the Senate bill for a zoological park in the District of Columbia were laid before the Senate. After considerable discussion the amendments were non-concurred in and a conference asked....The following Senate bills were taken from the calendar and passed: Appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Aurora, Ill.; appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Leadville, Col.... On motion of Mr. Hale, the House bill to amend the Census law by providing for the enumeration of the Chinese population was taken from the calendar and read, with the amendments reported by the Committee on the Census. Mr. Evarts suggested that the bill should be allowed to go over for three days, and Mr. Hale assented to the suggestion....The Montana contest was debated ...Mr. Ingalls was elected President pro tem.

76TH DAY.—The Edmunds bill, providing for an inspection of meats for exportation and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food and drink, was passed ....By request, Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill providing for a system of banking by the United States, proposed by the Wageworkers' Alliance. ..The House bill to provide for town site entries of land in what is known as Oklahoma was passed...The following were among the Senate bills taken from the calendar and passed: Appropriating $500,000 for an additional fireproof building for the National Museum; to amend Section 1754 of the Revised Statutes—concerning the preference of honorably discharged soldiers in appointment to civil office; for the appointment of an assistant general superintendent and a chief clerk of the Railway Mail Service (with salaries of $3000 and $2000 respectively—House bill); extending to the whole of the District of Columbia the laws in force in Washington against selling liquor on Sundays or to minors....After a short executive session, private bills on the calendar were taken up, and 113 bills were passed in just one hour. Among them was one giving a pension of $50 a month to Mrs. Caroline B. Stevens, daughter of Senator Baker, of Oregon, who was killed at the battle of Ball's Bluff; and one giving a pension of $100 a month to the widow of General John F. Hartranft.

In the House.

81ST DAY.—Mr. Morrill from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, reported his bill providing for a service pension and disability pensions, and for other services....Mr. Henderson presented the conference report upon the Urgent Deficiency bill. The report was agreed to....In Committee of the Whole, the Naval Appropriation bill was reported, and the Army Appropriation bill was completed and reported.

82D DAY.—Mr. Walker introduced a bill to establish a national banking code....A bill was passed providing that affidavits and declarations in pension and bounty cases may be taken before any officer authorized to administer oaths for general purposes....In Committee of the Whole the Fortification Appropriation bill was considered and passed without division. The amount appropriated is $4,521,678....The Naval Appropriation bill was reported by Mr. Boutelle and placed upon the calendar....Mr. Sherman offered resolutions of regret on the death of David Wilbur, a Representative from New York, and as a further mark of respect the House adjourned. A committee of seven members of the House was appointed to attend his funeral.

83D DAY.—The Idaho Admission bill was discussed....The Farquhar Shipping bill was introduced....The Hudson River Bridge bill was passed.

84TH DAY.—The Idaho Admission bill was passed, 129 to 1—the Democrats not voting, and the Speaker counting a quorum....A petition from the New England Shoe and Leather Association against the imposition of a duty upon hides and skins was ordered printed in the *Record*....The Senate bill was passed to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to gather information as to the present condition and preservation of the fur-seal interests of the Government in the region of Alaska, as compared with its condition in 1876; also full information as to the impending extinction of the sea otter industry....A Senate concurrent resolution was agreed to, requesting the President to invite from time to time, as fit occasion may arise, negotiations with any Government with which the United States may have diplomatic relations to the end that any differences or disputes arising between the Governments, which cannot be adjusted by diplomatic agency, may be referred to arbitration.

85TH DAY.—Thirty-five private pension bills were passed, and the House then adjourned till the next day.

86TH DAY.—The Senate joint resolution providing for the establishment of an immigrant station on Ellis Island, New York Harbor, was passed....In the morning hour the following bills were passed: Authorizing the town of Mablehead, Mass., to improve and beautify Fort Sewall; reorganizing the artillery force of the army into seven regiments of not more than twelve batteries each, with the same regimental and battery organization as now exists, except that there shall be but one First Lieutenant and one Second Lieutenant to each battery; providing that in making appointments to the army from civil life the President shall give precedence to graduates of West Point who have been honorably discharged, to meritorious members of the National Guard, and to deserving graduates of institutions of learning having army officers detailed as instructors; authorizing the construction of a hotel on the Government reservation at Fortress Monroe....On motion of Mr. Hopkins, a bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Aurora, Ill., at a cost of $75,000....The hour of 3 o'clock having arrived, public business was suspended, and the House proceeded to pay tribute to the memory of Newton W. Nutting, of New York.

A COUNTRY HOUSE.

Description of an Attractive Design for a Dwelling.

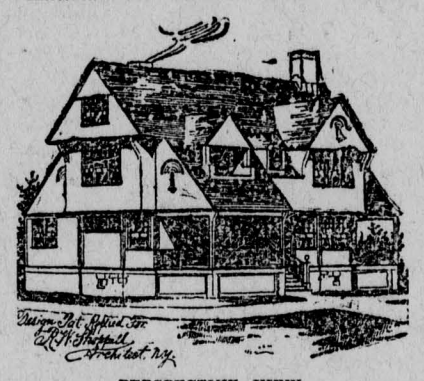
(Copyright by the Author.)

Following will be found a brief description of an attractive design for a country house:

Size of Structure: Width, including porch at end, 56 ft.; depth, including veranda and rear porch, 51 ft.

Height of Stories: Cellar, 7 ft.; first story, 9 ft.; second story, 8 ft. 6 in.; attic story, 8 ft.

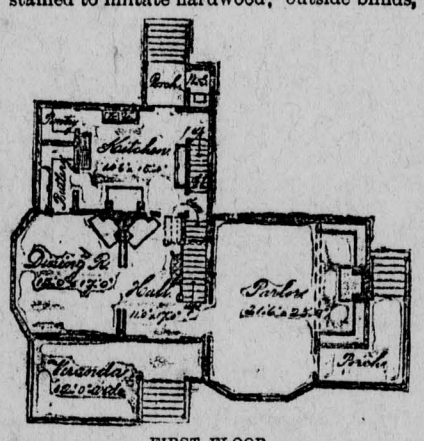
Materials for Exterior Walls: Foundations, brick; first story, clapboards; second story, gables, dormers and roof, shingles.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

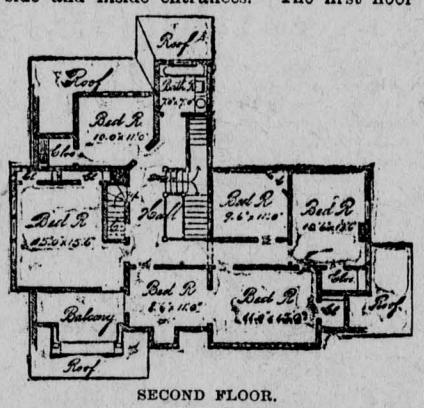
Interior Finish: Hard, white plaster throughout. Soft wood trim throughout, stained and finished like hardwood. Double floor in the first story, the fininishing floor being hard pine. The main staircase in both stories is finished with quartered oak. Inside sliding blinds for all front windows; outside blinds for all other windows.

Exterior Colors: All clapboards, light drab; trim, including water table, corner boards, casings, cornices, bands, veranda posts and rails, dark drab; outside doors, stained to imitate hardwood; outside blinds, bronze green; sashes and brickwork, Pompeian red; veranda and porch floors and ceilings, oiled; shingles on side walls treated with linseed oil and burnt umber; shingles on roofs left unfinished.



FIRST FLOOR.

Accommodations: The main rooms and their sizes, closets, etc., are shown by the plans given herewith. Beside these there are three rooms finished in the attic and there is a cellar under the whole house. The cellar has a concrete floor and outside and inside entrances. The first floor



SECOND FLOOR.

rooms are large. The parlor alcove has a fireplace and is furnished with bookcases. Over the bookcases are pretty windows which may be glazed with stained glass. There is a fireplace and an upholstered seat in the hall. The bedrooms are of fair size, and there are many of them—an essential requirement for a large family. Colonial features predominate in the exterior.

Cost: In the vicinity of New York city, $3700. To reduce cost, omit finishing the attic rooms to save $200; substitute ash for oak stair finish to save about $100; build a smaller cellar, say under the kitchen and hall only to save about $100.

R. W. SHOPPELL, Architect.

BLOWN INTO ETERNITY.

The Victims of an Explosion at the Mouth of a Mine.

A terrible explosion has occurred at Coalburg, Ala., resulting in the death of several men.

The men were preparing to begin work in what is known as mine No. 4. Near the mine was a powder house in which was stored a large quantity of giant blasting powder. This was given to the men in cans as they passed in line. While this was being done a miner's lamp fell from his hat and caught on a keg of loose powder. Instantly there was an explosion which could be heard miles away.

The rocks above the mouth of the mine fell and closed the opening, imprisoning ten of the men.

When the rescuers reached the scene they found the body of the man who had dealt out the powder burned and charred beyond all resemblance to a human being. Another unfortunate was found a short distance away, in the same condition. A third was blown into the forks of a tree above where the powder house had stood.

About one o'clock an entrance was effected to the passage in which the men were imprisoned, and by three o'clock all of the miners had been taken out and the injured taken to the company's hospital. Results showed four of the men were dead, six were fatally hurt, while the other three escaped with comparatively slight injuries.

THERE are at least two well-defined cases of leprosy in the vicinity of English, Ind. The victims are father and son. The affliction is described as appearing in spots whiter than the surrounding flesh.

THE New Jersey State Board of Assessors, in a compilation of railroad statistics, place the total length of track in the United States on January 1st, 1890, at 161,081 miles.

TAKING THE CENSUS.

The Questions That Will be Asked by the Census Takers.

The work of taking the United States Census will begin on June 2, and will, it is expected, occupy a month. The questions that will be asked by the census takers are as follows:

1. Give Christian name in full and initial of middle name, surname.
2. Whether soldier, sailor or marine during the civil war (United States or Confederate), or widow of such person.
3. Relationship to head of family.
4. Whether white or black, mulatto, quadroon, octoroon, Chinese, Japanese or Indian.
5. Sex.
6. Age at nearest birthday. If under one year give age in months.
7. Whether single, married, widowed or divorced.
8. Whether married during the census year (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
9. Mother of how many children and number of these children living.
10. Place of birth.
11. Place of birth of father.
12. Place of birth of mother.
13. Number of years in the United States.
14. Whether naturalized.
15. Whether naturalization papers have been taken out.
16. Profession, trade or occupation.
17. Months unemployed during the census (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
18. Attendance at school (in months) during the census year (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
19. Able to read.
20. Able to write.
21. Able to speak English. If not, the language or dialect spoken.
22. Whether suffering from acute or chronic disease, with name of disease and length of time afflicted.
23. Whether defective in mind, sight, hearing or speech, or whether crippled, maimed, or deformed, name of defect.
24. Whether a prisoner, convict, homeless child, pauper.

25 and 26. Is the home you live in hired, or is it owned by the head or by a member of the family?

27. If owned by head or member of family, is the house free from mortgage incumbrance?
28. If the head of the family is a farmer, is the farm which he cultivates hired, or is it owned by him or by a member of his family?
29. If owned by head or member of family, is the farm free from mortgage incumbrance?
30. If the home or farm is owned by head or member of family and mortgaged, give the postoffice address of owner.

THE LABOR WORLD.

ONE THOUSAND plumbers went on strike in Chicago, Ill.

IT is calculated that there are 60,000 night workers in New York city.

THE unskilled employes of the New York Postoffice have organized a union.

THE Berlin Labor Conference closed after an extremely dull session lasting one week and a characteristically dull banquet.

THE striking tailors of Hanover, Germany, have sent an appeal to their fellow-craftsmen in this country, asking them for financial aid.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MICHENER, of Indiana, has given an opinion that the Eight-Hour law of that State is valid and constitutional.

THE American Federation's organizer, Hamill, has just organized at Rochester, N. Y., a large branch of the Furniture Workers' National Union.

ONE THOUSAND Italian laborers, who recently emigrated to Brazil, are about to leave Rio Janeiro for home, having been unable to obtain employment.

OVER 600 meetings of workingmen have been arranged to take place in various parts of Austria on May 1, to agitate the establishment of an eight-hour day.

PRINTING in Germany keeps its four hundred and fiftieth birthday this year, and the Teutonic Printers' Union intend to celebrate the anniversary right worthily.

THE United States Labor Commission has decided that the collection of statistics relating to building associations does not come within the scope of the census law.

THERE is a movement in England against the employment of barmaids, although it is felt that the reform will not be accomplished until the far future, and that all that can be done at present will be limiting the hours of labor.

THE American Federation of Labor has just granted charters to the Coachmen's Association and the Stove Mounters' and Polishers' Union, of Rochester, N. Y.; the Women Rubber Workers, of South Framingham, Mass.; Mail Pouch Tobacco Workers, of Wheeling, W. Va.; Cork Cutters, Lancaster, Penn.; Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Beaver Falls, Penn., and the Mechanics' Union, of Erie, Penn.

THE OLD ENEMY.

It is known as a painful inflammation affecting the muscles and joints of the human body, the symptoms of which are swelling of the joints, acute pains and aches. St. Jacobs Oil cures promptly and permanently this enemy which is:

RHEUMATISM.

Sandyville, Ohio, June 18, 1888.

Was taken with rheumatism in 1861; suffered at times ever since and used crutches. St. Jacobs Oil relieved me about two years ago. GEO. L. NIXON.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

March, April, May

are the Months when the Blood should be renovated with

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

and the System fortified for the change of Seasons.

Prepared by

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Lowell, Mass.

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MABEL'S GRANDMA.

"The world is even as we take it,
And life, dear child, is what we make it."

This is sense, even if it is not Shakespearean. Indeed, it is the opening stanza of an anonymous poem. It was the sentiment of an old lady to her grandchild Mabel. And many a Mabel has found it to be true, and she has made her life a very happy one because she has taken care of her health. She keeps on hand a supply of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and so is not troubled with those wasting diseases, weaknesses, "dragging-down" sensations and functional irregularities that so many women endure. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a **positive guarantee** from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrappers, and faithfully carried out for many years.

"Favorite Prescription" is a legitimate *medicine, not a beverage.* Contains no alcohol to inebriate; no syrup or sugar to derange digestion. As *peculiar* in its remedial results as in its composition.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon; being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic, or strength-giver.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms, commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

A Book of 160 pages, on "Woman and Her Diseases, their Nature, and How to Cure them," sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents, in stamps.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS

Purely Vegetable and Perfectly Harmless.

Unequaled as a **Liver Pill.** Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to Take. **One Tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a Dose.** Cures **Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks,** and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. 25 cents, by druggists.

Ely's Cream Balm

GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE FOR

COLD IN HEAD.

CURES

CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC

Is a Positive Cure for

DYSPEPSIA

And all Disorders of the Digestive Organs. It is likewise a corroborative, or strengthening Medicine, and may be taken with great benefit in all cases of Debility. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, $1.00 per bottle. Dr. Schenck's New Book on Lungs Liver and Stomach mailed free. Address, Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia.

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FREEMAN & MONEY, Washington, D. C. PATENT, PENSION, CLAIM AND LAND ATTORNEYS H. D. Money, **10** years Member of Congress, A. A. Freeman, **8** years Ass't U. S. Att'y-Gen

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Derby Condition Powders

ARE WARRANTED SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS,

OR NO PAY.

For the Cure of **Distemper, Heaves, Hidebound, Worms, Bots, Scurvy, Loss of Food, etc.,** in Horses, **Worms, Horn Distemper, Black Tongue, Colds, Coughs and Loss of Cud** in Cattle.

No one has ever used them but continues their use and recommends them to his friends.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

DEPOT, 40 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Sold by all Druggists and Saddlers.

☞ Get Pamphlet and read the Certificates. $1,000 paid if not genuine.

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MY THROAT FEELS BAD, AND I MUST HAVE IT TO STOP MY COUGH!"

Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD

☞ Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

DR. KOEHLER'S FAVORITE COLIC MIXTURE

for all domestic animals will cure 99 out of every 100 cases of colic, whether flatulent or spasmodic. Rarely more than 1 or 2 doses necessary. It does not constipate, rather acts as a laxative and is entirely harmless. After 20 years of trial in more than 3000 cases our guarantee is worth something. **Colic must be treated promptly.** Expend a few cents and you have a cure on hand, **ready when needed,** and perhaps save a valuable horse. If not at your druggist's, enclose 50 cents for sample bottle, sent prepaid.

Address **DR. KOEHLER & CO., Bethlehem, Pa.**

I use Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture" right along with success. It is the best colic medicine I have ever seen.
ISAAC MOOG, Horse Dealer,
Brooklyn, New York.

We cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture." Would not be without it as long as we have horses.
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PISO'S CURE FOR

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Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

25 CTS

CONSUMPTION

Cassville.

Regardless of bad roads, our mail carriers have been making good time.

The writer has been too busy hunting up his garden and farming implements to hunt for items.

Wesley Hoffman thinks of locating in Blair county for a part of the summer.

Dr. Simpson, of Mill Creek, was called in consultation to the bedside of Master Oscar Shafer. He is better at this writing.

Harry Wilson has gone to Lock Haven to attend the spring session of the State Normal.

Our town is minus the amiable presence of Miss Belle Clark. Mapleton will be so much the better.

The early frog has bobbed up serenely and his musical (?) voice is heard throughout the land.

David Wilson has made more improvement to his property than all the others in the town. David is a man of domestic tastes.

The missionary meeting in the M. E. church on Saturday evening proved both interesting and profitable.

A number of our people expect to make a trip to Colorado. They may return soon and if suited will remain permanently.

John Noble claims to have the most sensible and fastest horse in town.

"Our" friend Hank Evans is visiting familiar places in Mifflin county. He is looking after the interests of a Philadelphia business man.

Miss Mary McClain, one of the coming ladies of Tod, was visiting Miss Beckie Hamilton this week. Either is a requisite to the happiness of the other.

Prof. J. F. Evans has been traveling a part of the week in the interests of himself for the superintendency. Cassville can say from experience of four years that none who desire it are better equipped than he for the position. I say this in simple justice to Mr. Evans's worthy claims, knowing it will offend none. The county is fortunate in having so many good men, but unfortunate that the directors must decide between worthy men. But the most important question is to decide in any event in the most conscientious way how they can best serve the boys and girls of the many schools in the county. Let no injustice be done on any side.

To the philosopher of Cass: Commence and gradually pike the road from Cassville to Mill Creek and we will have good roads twelve months out of the year instead of 3 months. Isn't that philosophy? Where there is a will there is a way. If he has the will and not the way I'll be pleased to meet him and point out the way. At least take your chin off that shovel handle.

Mr. Isaiah Baumgardner has moved to a farm in Clay township. This is the beginning of his success.

Mrs. James Henderson had an interesting and select tea party on Wednesday.

The Lutheran Sunday School made a special Easter effort and it proved a grand success.

It is said that life is not measured by years, but by deeds. According to this statement we think our town will compare favorably with any other of its size, notwithstanding the long list of bachelors, widows and old maids, of whom we have heard so much.

We propose to show that we are *rich* in some other directions, as well as the one spoken of, and will therefore submit the following statistics, showing what we have furnished to literary pursuits alone, in one generation:

Two lawyers, one of whom stood at the head of his profession in his own county; one Congressman, one District Attorney, one editor, four physicians, seven ministers, several of whom have filled some of the best appointments in their denominations; one professor in College; one president of School. Three families, consisting of 17 adult members, have furnished 16 school teachers. The whole number of school teachers sent forth from our town is 31. Of college graduates we have six, music teachers four, contributors of prose and poetry to papers and periodicals six. Our newspaper correspondents, some of whom are very highly spoken of, are quite too numerous to mention. To the trades, to merchandise, to manufacture, to agencies and other callings we have furnished our full share as well as to positions of honor and trust in the county capital and other places.

Now, Mr. Editor, do you not think this a pretty fair exhibit for a backwoods town having only 200 inhabitants (exclusive of Soldiers' Orphans' School for a short time). If any other town similarly situated can show a better record we would like to hear them speak that we may give honor where honor is due.

Mount Union.

Galin VanZandt spent Sunday with friends in town.

T. H. Adams and daughter Mamie left for Philadelphia on day express Monday.

Elias Rogers has built a new porch to the front of his house.

Dame Rumor says that Shirley Street is to have a double wedding soon,

Rev. M. K. Foster, preached in the M. E. church Sunday night. After the sermon the holy communion was celebrated.

Some girls think religion a fine thing, since, by their pretended piety, they are enabled to secure their chief desire—a beau. It would be to their credit to try to possess a little of the purity they profess.

Editor Thompson and wife were the guest of Benjamin Bolinger on Sunday.

Sunday was Easter but some of our people did not find it out until Monday. Why is it that our Christians do not pay the respect due an occasion so memorable to every Christain.

Jno. Himes has built a very handsome porch in front of his residence.

Dr. G. W. Thompson has closed up his door facing Jefferson street and put in a window instead.

Master Frank McDonald spent Easter at home.

B. Musser, of Baltimore, spent a short time in town last week, the guest of B. J. Devor.

Passmore Wakefield moved to town last week and occupies the Woods property at east end of *W*ater street.

Allie Good spent Sunday here the guest of A. S. Welch.

Last Thursday night D. D. G. M. Hugh Galbraith installed the following officers of the I. O. O. F.: N. G., Jno. Foreman; V. G., D. F. Harrison; Treasurer, F. H. Harrison; Secretary, R. Sechler; As. Secretary, I. N. Taylor; R. S. to N. G., G. C. Borst; L. S. to N. G., G. W. Smith; R. S. to V. G., H. S. Smelker; L. S. to V. G., Ed. Brown; O. G., F. H. Harrison; I. G., Clel. Hildebrand; W., W. W. Moorhead; Con., F. B. Davis; R. S. S., Robt. Barnes; Chaplain, A. L. Davis; Rep. to G. L., R. J. Faust. As the Lodge was about to close an alarm was given at the door, and as it was opened, the following ladies entered with "a little surprise" for the lodge: Mrs. F. H. Harrison, Mrs. R. J. Faust, Mrs. J. H. Shaver, Mrs. D. E. Shaver, Mrs. I. N. Taylor, Mrs. H. S. Smelker, Mrs. E. M. Rhodes; Miss Mollie Borst, Miss Alda Colgate, Misses Eva and Cora Smelker and Minnie Shaver. They came with a very elegant repast, consisting of cakes and fruits and lemonade in abundance. After all partook of the feast to entire satisfaction, a number of speeches were given by members of the lodge, and heartily responded to in a graceful manner by the ladies. An hour was very pleasantly spent, and the ladies informed that the lodge was willing to be surprised again at any time. After singing the closing ode the ladies retired and the lodge closed.

New Shoe Store.

Having opened a new Shoe Store in

Hazlett's Block,

402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.,

I respectfully ask a share of patronage.

You will find a complete assortment of

BOOTS and SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS and RUBBER GOODS, ETC., ETC.,

To suit everybody from the infant to the oldest citizen, and the prices are as low as can be had anywhere. The room is well lighted, attractive, and goods show to advantage. No trouble to show goods, and all are welcome to inspect them.

Goods sold for cash giving the customer the advantage of the extra per cent, usually added for delinquents.

GEO. W. YOCUM.

To My Friends & Patrons:

On or about April 1st I will occupy the commodious store room in the Brumbaugh Building, corner Seventh and Washington Streets where I will have ample facilities for conducting my

Rapidly Increasing Business.

It is my intention in the future, as in the past, to cater to the wants of the people, and to do so

I Must and Will Keep a First-Class Mixed Store,

——giving particular attention to——

Dry Goods and Notion Departments,

which will embrace a greater variety than heretofore.

The Shoe Department Will be Complete in Every Detail.

The Grocery Department Will Receive Special Attention.

The Fresh and Cured Meat Department Will Be Stocked With the Best in the Market.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past, and promising in the future more prompt and efficient service, I solicit a continuance of the same and extend a cordial invitation to visit my new headquarters when occupied.

Respectfully Yours,

Thos. S. Johnston

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, HUNTINGDON, PA.

A. S. WELCH,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farming Implements

WAGONS, SPRING WAGONS, AND DOG CARTS, LOWER THAN EVER SOLD BEFORE FOR CASH.

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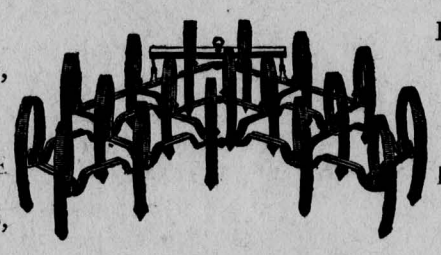

HAY RAKES, CORN PLANTERS, LAWN MOWERS.

Oliver & Syracuse Chilled Plows & Extras

Hillside Plows, Buckeye Sulky and Walking Cultivators, Hench Sulky and Walking Cultivators with Double Row Corn Planter Attachment, Stevens' All-Steel Arch Frame Spring-Tooth Harrows, U. S. K. Spring-Tooth Harrows, Buckeye and Meyer's Iron Force and Lift Pumps, Cider Mills, Land Rollers, Feed Cutters, Wheelbarrows, Buckthorne and Barb Fence, Wire, Buggy Harness, Fly Nets, Whips, One-Horse Iron Frame Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Farm Bells, Binder Twine, and, in fact, everything kept in a first-class Implement Store. Also, all kinds of

ROUGH & WORKED LUMBER, SHINGLES,

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Constantly on hand and at reasonable prices. Don't fail to call or write for prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Yours Respectfully,

A. S. WELSH,
Mount Union, Pa.

☞Telephone Connection.

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Stage Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville & Mill Creek.

The undersigned has just placed on the old stage route between Mill Creek and Cassvile a new hack, and is prepared to give patrons first class accommodations. Leave Cassville every morning at 7.30 o'clock arriving at Mill Creek in time for Way Passenger; returning leave Mill Creek at 2.30 p. m. Patronage solicited.

J. H. RINDLAUB.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 10th 1889.

LEAVE WESTWARD. Pacific Express.	Way Passenger.	Altoona Accommodat'n.	STATIONS.	LEAVE EASTWARD. Sea Shore Express.	Mail.	Harrisburg Accom'a.
p. m.	a. m.	a.m.		p. m.	p.m.	a. m.
11 25	4 30		Philadelphia	3 15	1045	
a. m.				a. m.		
3 10	8 15	5 30	Harrisburg	11 40	7 00	8 50
	8 33	5 48	Marysville	11 22	6 39	3
3 38	8 54	6 04	Duncannon	11 07	6 21	8 18
4 00	9 26	6 32	Newport	10 44	5 50	7 51
	9 52	6 55	Thompsout'n	10 25	5 26	7 32
4 34	10 13	7 14	Port Royal	10 09	5 09	7 14
4 39	10 20	7 20	Mifflin	10 05	5 03	7 09
5 01	10 46	7 45	Lewistown Jn	9 43	4 38	6 45
	10 55	7 63	Granville	9 36	4 29	6 37
5 22	11 14	8 11	McVeytown	9 20	4 12	6 20
5 40	11 39	8 33	N. Hamilton	9 02	3 51	6 00
5 46	11 46	8 39	Mt. Union	8 56	3 46	5 54
5 54	11 55	8 46	MAPLETON	8 51	3 38	5 47
6 00	12 03	8 53	Mill Creek	8 45	3 32	5 41
6 12	12 17	9 05	Huntingdon	8 35	3 20	5 30
6 25	12 31	9 21	Petersburg	8 20	3 06	
6 33	12 40	9 29	Barree	8 13	2 59	
6 40	12 46	9 36	Spruce Creek	8 06	2 54	
6 54	12 59	9 48	Birmingham	7 55	2 42	
7 00	1 07	9 54	Tyrone	7 49	2 35	
7 11	1 16	10 03	Tipton	7 40	2 26	
7 22	1 26	10 12	Bellwood	7 32	2 18	
7 30	1 32	10 18	Elizabeth Fur	7 26	2 11	
7 45	1 45	10 30	Altoona	7 15	2 00	
12 45	6 50		Pittsburg		5 30	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m.		p. m.	a.m.	a. m.

Mail Express east leaves Altoona at 6:20 p. m., daily. Tyrone, 6:52; Birmingham, 6:59; Spruce Creek, 7:10; Petersburg, 7:22; Huntingdon, 7:37; Mapleton, 7:53; Mount Union, 8:00; Harrisburg, 10:45 and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia daily at 11:50 a. m., Mount Union 6:11 p. m.; Huntingdon, 6:30; Altoona, 7:50 and arrives at Pittsburg at 11:55 p. m.

Day Express east leaves Pittsburg at 8:00 a. m., daily, Altoona, 11:50 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:48 p. m., Mount Union, 1:08; Harrisburg, 3:20, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.

Philadelphia Express east leaves daily, (except Sunday) Pittsburg at 4:30 p. m., Altoona, 9:05; Huntingdon 10:12; Harrisburg, 1:00 a. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line east leaves Pittsburg at 8 10 p. m., daily, Altoona, 12:01 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:58; Harrisburg, 3:30, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 a. m.

Mail train west leaves Philadelphia daily at 7:00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11:20; Mount Union, 1:56 p. m., Huntingdon, 2:17; Altoona, 3:40, and arrives at Pittsburg at 8:10 p. m.

Huntingdon Accommodation leaves Altoona daily at 11.30 p. m., and arrives at Huntingdon at 12.40 a. m.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

New Schedule Nov. 29th, 1888.

SOUTH Mail	Expr's	STATIONS.	NORTH Fast Line	Day Expr's
a. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.
6 35	8 25	Huntingdon	6 20	12 15
6 45	8 35	McConl'st'n	6 09	12 02
6 52	8 41	Grafton	6 05	11 58
7 03	8 51	Marklesb'g	5 55	11 48
7 10	9 00	Entriken	5 45	11 40
f7 22	9 12	Cove	5 32	11 28
7 35	9 25	Saxton	5 20	11 15
7 48	9 40	Riddlesburg	5 06	11 02
7 53	9 45	Hopewell	5 02	10 57
8 05	9 55	Cypher	f4 52	10 47
8 15	10 08	Tatesville	4 41	10 37
8 21	10 17	Everett	4 33	10 29
8 25	10 20	Mt. Dallas.	4 30	10 25
		Bedford		
p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.

"f" Flag Stations.

Trains over Shoup's Branch leave Saxton at 9:35 and arrive at Dudley at 10:05 a. m. Leave Dudley at 4:30 and arrive at Saxton at 5:00 p. m.

GEO. F. GAGE, Supt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

To take effect at 6:00 a. m., on Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1888.

SOUTH. Mixed, No. 10.	Mixed, No. 8.	Mail, No. 2.	STATIONS.	NORTH. Mail, No. 1.	Mixed, No. 7.	Mixed, No. 9.
p. m.	a. m.	p.m.		a. m.	a.m.	p. m.
6 42	12 09	4 21	Robertsdale	L9 00	6 00	1 00
6 29	11 56	4 10	Cook's	9 11	6 13	1 13
6 21	11 48	4 04	Rocky Ridge	9 19	6 21	1 21
6 15	11 42	3 57	Cole's	9 24	6 27	1 27
5 40	11 07	3 27	Saltillo	9 54	6 57	1 56
5 20	10 58	3 20	Three Springs	10 01	7 05	2 04
5 08	10 42	3 06	*Beersville	10 14	7 20	2 17
4 52	10 27	2 52	Rockhill	10 27	7 35	2 32
4 22	9 54	2 26	Shirley	10 43	7 55	3 02
4 12	9 45	2 18	*Augh. Mills	10 51	8 05	3 11
3 54	9 25	2 05	Mount Union	11 05	8 25	3 30

Express No. 3, moving north leaves Rockhill at 12:30, arriving at Mt. Union at 1 p. m,

Express No. 4, moving south leaves Mount Union at 11:50 a. m., arriving at Rockhill at 12:20 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. No. 14	No. 12	STATIONS.	EAST No. 11	No. 13
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6 23	9 40	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 42
6 16	9 33	*Blacklog	6 37	4 49
6 08	9 25	*Cedar Rock	5 45	4 57
6 04	9 21	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 01
5 58	9 15	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 07
5 46	8 58	Stair	7 07	5 19
5 37	8 49	A Goshorn L	7 16	5 28

* Flag stations.

A. W. SIMS,
Superintendent.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of GEO. T. NUMER, Dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of George T. Numer, late deceased, of the Borough of Mapleton, county of Huntingdon, and state of Pennsylvania, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate settlement and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE W. YOCUM.
Hunt'd'n, Pa., Jan 7, '90. Administrator.